

MSU is an affirmative-action, equal- opportunity employer. Michigan State University Extension programs and materials are open to all without regard to race, color, national origin, gender, gender identity, religion, age, height, weight, disability, political beliefs, sexual orientation, marital status, family status or veteran status.

Issued in furtherance of MSU Extension work, acts of May 8 and June 30, 1914, in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Jeff Dwyer, Director, MSU Extension, East Lansing, MI 48824.

This information is for educational purposes only. Reference to commercial products or trade names does not imply endorsement by MSU Extension or bias against those not mentioned.

This material becomes public property upon publication and may be printed verbatim with credit to MSU Extension. Reprinting cannot be used to endorse or advertise a commercial product or company.

In accordance with Federal law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) policy, this institution is prohibited from discriminating on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex (in education and training programs and activities) age, disability or retaliation. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) If you require the information on this poster in alternative format (Bratlle

age, dissounty, or retatauton. (Not all prombuted bases apply to all programs.)

If you require the information on this poster in alternative format (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.), contact the USDAs TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice or TDD).

If you require information about this program, activity, or facility in a language other than English, contact the USDA agency responsible for the

To file a complaint alleging discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410, or call, 101 free, (866) 632-9992 (voice). TDD users can contact USDA through local relay or the Federal relay at (800) 877-8359 (TDD) or (866) 377-862 (relay voice users). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

De acuerdo con la ley Federal y con la política del Departamento de Agricultura de los Estados Unidos (USDA por sus siglas en inglés), esta institución profibie la discriminación ya sea por la raza, color, nacionalidad, sexo (en programas y actividades de educación y adiestramiento), edad, incapacidad de las personas, o por represalias. (No todas las prohibiciones se antiga a atodas los programas)

aplican a todos los programas). Si usted necestia la información de este anuncio en un formato diferente Braille, letras grandes, o por medio de sonido, etc.), llame al Centro TARGET del Departamento de Agricultura al teléfono 202-720-2600 (voz o TDD).

Si usted necesita información sobre este programa, actividad o instalaciones en un idioma diferente del inglés, llame a la agencia del Departamento que maneja este programa o actividad, o a cualquier oficina del Departamento de Agricultura.

Para someter una queja de discriminación, escriba al USDA, Office of Ctvll Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410, ol lame gratis al 1-866-632-992 (vor.) Para Ilamadas TDD, Ilame al USDA al número 1-800-877-8339 o al número 1-866-377-8642. El Departamento de Agricultura ofrece oportunidades de programas y de empleo libres de discriminación.



Raise a Glass: Zoning and Land Use Law for Your Farm Brewery

Great Lakes Hop & Barley Conference March 14, 2018



Authors

- Brad Neumann, AICP
 - MSU Senior Extension Educator
 - Government and Public Policy Team
 - Based in Marquette County
 - neuman36@msu.edu
- Kurt H. Schindler, AICP
 - Distinguished Senior Educator Emeritus
- Wendy K. Walker, Esq.
 - MSU Extension Educator
 - Government and Public Policy Team
 - Based in St. Joseph County
 - walkerdy@msu.edu





This session will cover:

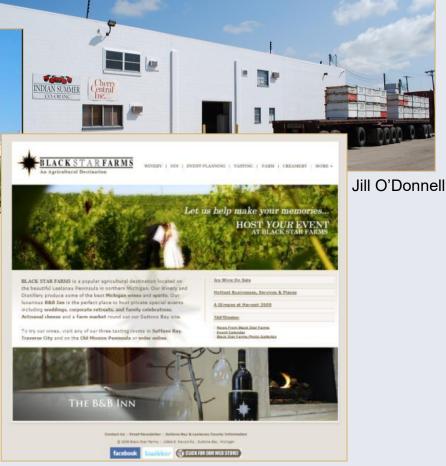
- Michigan Right to Farm Act
 - Local Jurisdiction
 - Farm Markets GAAMPs
- Zoning



Defining Agriculture



Value-added, processing, packaging, retail, wholesale, marketing, agri-tourism, direct marketing/sales, associated events, internet sales and more





Farm Breweries



commons.wikimedia.org

- "Grow," produce, and serve beer on agricultural land, much like wineries
- Sourcing raw
 materials directly
 from the property –
 grains, hops, fruit,
 and other ingredients



Regulatory Context

- Federal
- State
 - Brewer or Micro Brewer License
 - Michigan Liquor Control Commission
 - Food Establishment License
 - Michigan Dep't of Agriculture & Rural Development

(applicant)

(address)

(city, state, zip code)

(telephone, home and business)

- Local
 - Zoning Ordinances
 - Building Codes*
 - Sanitation and Health



Date Rec'd.

Receipt number

(attach inspection report sheets)

Kurt Schindler



Michigan Right to Farm Act



Michigan Right to Farm Act (RTFA)

- P.A. 93 of 1981, as amended
 - MCL 286.471 et seq.
- Defines "farm," "farm operation," and "farm product"
- Does <u>not</u> affect application of other state or federal laws



MSU Extension



RTFA – Two Purposes

- Provides affirmative defense to nuisance lawsuits against farmers
 - But does not prevent lawsuits
- Provides conditional preemption of certain local land use ordinances
 - MDARD does not interpret or enforce local zoning ordinances





RTFA – Amendment 1987

- Defines GAAMPs
 - Practices developed by MDARD in consultation with other agencies and organizations
 - Voluntary NOT rules or regulations





GAAMPs

- Manure management and utilization, 1988
- Pesticide utilization and pest control, 1991
- Nutrient utilization, 1993
- Care of farm animals, 1995
- Cranberry production, 1996
- Site selection and odor control for new and expanding livestock production facilities, 2000
- Irrigation water use, 2003
- Farm markets, 2010



P.A. 261 of 1999 – Amendment to RTFA

MCL 286.474(6)

"Beginning June 1, 2000, except as otherwise provided in this section, it is the express legislative intent that this act preempt any local ordinance, regulation, or resolution that purports to extend or revise in any manner the provisions of this act or generally accepted agricultural and management practices developed under this act.

. .



MCL 286.474(6) (continued)

"....Except as otherwise provided in this section, a local unit of government shall not enact, maintain, or enforce an ordinance, regulation, or resolution that conflicts in any manner with this act or generally accepted agricultural and management practices [GAAMPs] developed under this act."



- Intent that RTFA preempts any local ordinance, regulation, or resolution
- Cannot extend or revise provisions of RTFA, GAAMPs
- Local government shall not enact, maintain, or enforce an ordinance, regulation, or resolution that conflicts with RTFA, GAAMPs



 Exception – Can regulate if local ordinance is submitted to and approved by Commission on Agriculture & Rural Development



Bob Kennedy Chair



Trever Meachum Vice Chair



Brian Pridgeon Secretary



Diane Hanson



Dru Montri



Otherwise: A **three part** thought process:

- FIRST: Establish jurisdiction
- SECOND: Determine what is covered in RTFA & GAAMPs
 - Cannot regulate locally
 - But if not in RTFA & GAAMPs fair game
- THIRD: "GAAMP delegate back"



FIRST: Four Part Jurisdiction Test

- •Is the activity a farm or "farm operation"?
- •Is it producing a "farm product"?
- •Is it engaged in "commercial production"?
- •Is it complying with **GAAMPs**? (Maybe unsettled law)
- Party asserting RTFA as defense bears burden of showing challenged conduct is protected under RTFA.
 - Lima Twp. v. Bateson 302 Mich. App. 483 (2013)



SECOND: What subjects are off limits for local regulation?

- If the subject of the regulation is covered in RTFA, off limits for local regulation
 - nuisance immunity
 - enforcement
 - investigation





SECOND: What subjects are off limits for local regulation?

- If the subject of the regulation is covered in a GAAMP, off limits for local regulation
 - type of farm
 - farm markets
 - manure
 - pesticide
 - care of animals
 - acres per animal

AND much, much more.



SECOND: What subjects are off limits for local regulation?

- But if the subject is <u>NOT</u> in RTFA or a GAAMP, fair game to regulate
 - RTFA is a "shield" not a "sword" for the farmer.
 - Sena Scholma Trust v. Ottawa Cnty. Rd. Comm'n, 303 Mich. App. 12 (2013)



THIRD: "Delegate Back"

- GAAMPs have delegated certain authority back to local government
 - 100,000 population rule
 - Category 4 siting for livestock operations
 - Vehicle access, setbacks, parking, signs for Farm Markets
 - Beer breweries, bonfires, camping, carnival rides, concerts, corn mazes, etc.



- Place or area where transactions between a farm market operator and customers take place
- Includes roadside stands but is not necessarily a physical structure (building)
- May operate seasonally or year-round
- May include marketing activities to attract customers and facilitate retail trade business transactions



Jill O'Donnell

- 50%+ of products marketed and offered for sale must be produced on and by affiliated farm
 - Measured as average of up to 5-year period
- Primary measure will be
 - 50% of retail floor space used for display
 - During the marketing season
 - If not feasible, then percent of gross sales dollars will be used

- Farm product may be processed into a valueadded form more marketable for direct sales
 - Following state, federal, and municipal law
- At least 50% of the processed products' main 'namesake' ingredient must be produced on and by the affiliated farm
 - Apples used in apple pie, maple sap in maple syrup, strawberries in strawberry jam, etc.

Processing

- packing
- washing
- cleaning
- grading
- sorting
- pitting
- pressing
- fermenting
- distilling

- packaging
- •cooling
- •storage
- canning
- drying
- •freezing
- or otherwisepreparing theproduct for sale



Jim Sluyter

- Farm market operators often conduct other activities and services designed to attract and entertain customers and broaden goods and services offered for public sale
- The list of such activities beyond the scope of the GAAMPs that may be regulated by other governmental bodies include:
 - Beer Breweries

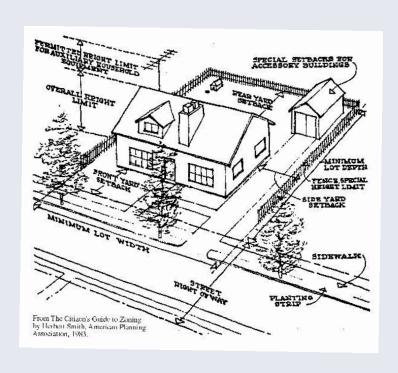


Zoning for Farm Breweries



What is Zoning?

- Regulation of land use
- Divides community into zoning districts
- Shown on zoning map
- Regulations in text
 - Land use
 - Parcel size
 - Building placement
 - Building size
 - Building form





Permitted Use



Brad Neumann

Any use authorized or permitted alone or in conjunction with another use in a specific district and subject to the limitations of the regulations of such use district.



Accessory Use, Structure

- Same lot as the principal use, accessory and subordinate
- Allowed in the district, but must be located with a principal use, structure.



Jim Sluyter



Special Land Use

- Generally compatible
 with other uses in a
 zoning district, but may
 not be appropriate in
 every location
- Permitted when ordinance standards are met



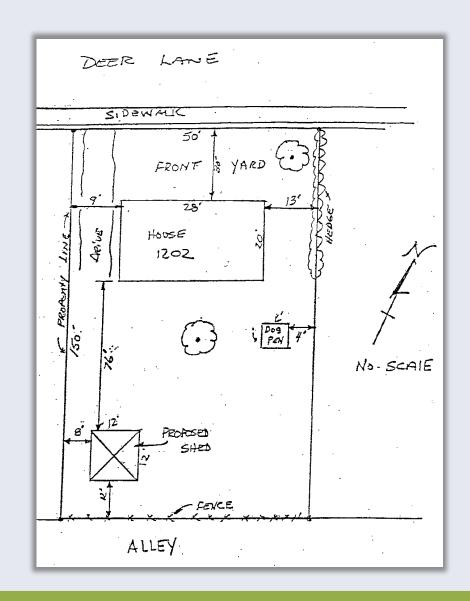
Kurt Schindler



Site Plan Review

A site plan or plot plan may be required

- Graphical depiction of existing and proposed land use
- Shows everything required by the zoning ordinance
- A requirement of all special land uses





Brewery Definitions and Districts

- Brewery and microbrewery
 - Usually follows state law definitions
- Zoning District(s)
 - Agriculture
 - Agritourism
 - Commercial
 - Industrial



MSU Extension





Ordinance Amendments

- TEXT: Change zoning ordinance text
 - Add use to list of permitted or special uses
- MAP: Change the zoning map
 - a/k/a rezoning
 - Specific area on map changed from one district to another
- An amendment may include both



generic zoning text



Suttons Bay Township Zoning Map



Breweries: Sample Parcel Requirements

- Minimum parcel acreage in active production of a fruit, grain, vegetable or other principal ingredient of the beverage
- Or % of fruit or other crops used to make beverage grown by owner or operator
- May include parcel owned or operated by owner or operator of brewery



Breweries: Sample Placement Restrictions

- Maximum lot coverage (%) for buildings and structures used for beverage processing, storage, tasting, and sales
- Setbacks
- Parking spaces
 - Per floor area or maximum occupancy
- Signs



Brewery – Activities

- Consumption
- Retail
- Special Events
- May see restrictions on
 - Number of patrons
 - Hours
 - Outdoor activity



Jim Sluyter



Consumption – Sample Provisions

- Alcohol consumed or sold must be produced by farm
- Accessory to beverage production
 - % of floor area or total square footage
 - Limited to tasting room quantities
 - Limited food service "snacks" only
- Require all licenses and approvals from state and federal agencies



Retail Sales – Sample Provisions

- Subordinate to production
 - % floor area or total square footage
- Related merchandise
 - Beverages
 - Glassware, bottle openers, etc.
 - Promotional items
- Unrelated merchandise
 - Items produced on farm
 - Other food or non-food items



Jill O'Donnell



Special Events – Sample Provisions



To minimize adverse impacts

- Noise including music
- Traffic
- Lighting
- Site plan requirement
 - Temporary structures
 - Location and removal
 - Temporary parking
 - Location and setbacks



Your community's vision for agriculture

- Communities set the direction for the agricultural economy in their master plans
- The vision for thriving agriculture must include a diverse notion of what agriculture is presently
- The master plan must support the local regulatory approach
- Public engagement is key to shaping your community's vision for agriculture!



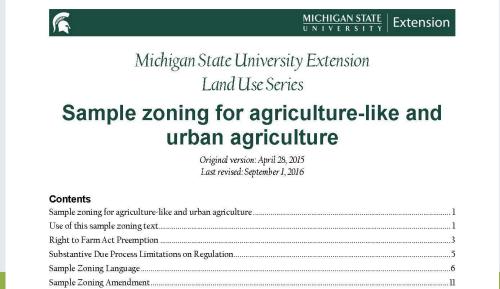
Additional Resources



Sample Regulations

MSU Extension *Land Use Series*: Sample zoning for agriculture-like and urban agriculture

http://msue.anr.msu.edu/resources/sample_zoning_for_agriculture_like_and_urban_agriculture





Resources

- 2018 Farm Markets GAAMPs (and others) http://www.michigan.gov/gaamps
- Land Use Series: What sorts of local regulations are preempted by the Right to Farm Act (RTFA)
 http://msue.anr.msu.edu/resources/who_is_protected_from_zoning_regulation_under_the_right_to_farm_act_rtfa

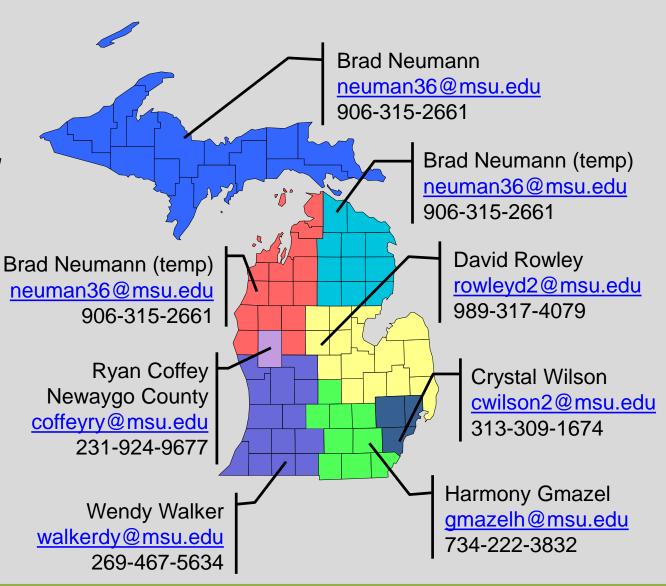


Questions?

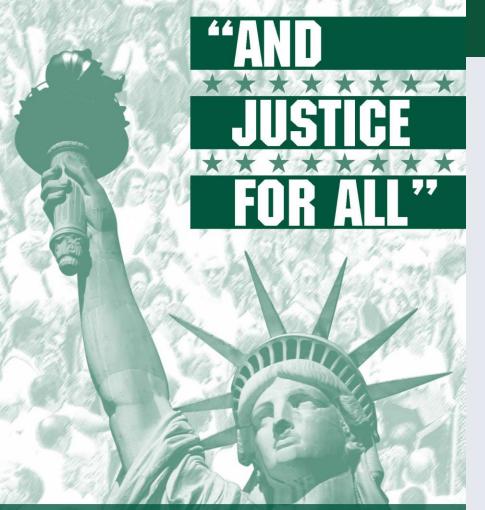


Land Use Educators

Contact the MSU
Extension land
use educator
closest to you
with your
planning and
zoning questions.







MSU is an affirmative-action, equal- opportunity employer. Michigan State University Extension programs and materials are open to all without regard to race, color, national origin, gender, gender identity, religion, age, height, weight, disability, political beliefs, sexual orientation, marital status, family status or veteran status.

Issued in furtherance of MSU Extension work, acts of May 8 and June 30, 1914, in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Jeff Dwyer, Director, MSU Extension, East Lansing, MI 48824.

This information is for educational purposes only. Reference to commercial products or trade names does not imply endorsement by MSU Extension or bias against those not mentioned.

This material becomes public property upon publication and may be printed verbatim with credit to MSU Extension. Reprinting cannot be used to endorse or advertise a commercial product or company.

In accordance with Federal law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) policy, this institution is prohibited from discriminating on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex (in education and training programs and activities) age, disability, or retaliation. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) If you require the information on this poster in alternative format (Bratlle

age, dissounty, or retailation. (Not an proint) led tokes apply to an programs.)

If you require the information on this poster in alternative format (Braille, large print, and/otape, etc.), contact the USDAS TARGET Center at (202) 720–2600 (voice or TDD).

If you require information about this program, activity, or facility in a language other than English, contact the USDA agency responsible for the

program or activity, or any USDA Office.
To file a complaint alleging discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410, or call, toll free, (866) 632-9992 (voice). TDD users can contact USDA through local relay or the Federal relay at (800) 877-8539 (TDD) or (866) 377-8642 (relay voice users). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and opunious.

De acuerdo con la ley Federal y con la política del Departamento de Agricultura de los Estados Unidos (USDA por sus siglas en inglés), esta institución profibie la discriminación ya sea por la raza, color, nacionalidad, sexo (en programas y actividades de educación y adiestramiento), edad, incapacidad de las personas, o por represalias. (No todas las prohibiciones se antiga a atodas los programas)

aplican a todos los programas). Si usted necestia la información de este anuncio en un formato diferente Braille, letras grandes, o por medio de sonido, etc.), llame al Centro TARGET del Departamento de Agricultura al teléfono 202-720-2600 (voz o TDD).

Si usted necesita información sobre este programa, actividad o instalaciones en un idioma diferente del inglés, llame a la agencia del Departamento que maneja este programa o actividad, o a cualquier oficina del Departamento de Agricultura.

Para someter una queja de discriminación, escriba al USDA, Office of Ctvll Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410, ol lame gratis al 1-866-632-992 (voz.) Para llamadas TDD, llame al USDA al número 1-800-877-8339 o al número 1-866-377-8642. El Departamento de Agricultura ofrece oportunidades de programas y de empleo libres de discriminación.