

Insecticides for Managing Box Tree Moth

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The box tree moth, *Cydalima perspectalis*, was detected in the US in 2021. Box tree moth is a serious pest of boxwood (*Buxus*), and has been reported on other hosts (*Euonymus, Ilex* and *Murraya*). State and federal regulators are currently conducting intensive trapping and regulatory activities to prevent the spread of box tree moth in the US. If you wish to assist with box tree moth trapping, or find or suspect box tree moth infestation, please contact your local Extension, state department of agriculture, or USDA APHIS offices. Refer to the Box Tree Moth EDDMapS website (https://www.eddmaps.org/species/subject.cfm?sub=62133) for resources to help you identify and manage the box tree moth.

The box tree moth is a new pest in the US. As a result, there is no information on the efficacy of insecticides against the box tree moth in the US. This list of insecticides focuses primarily on insecticides that are available to commercial operations (nurseries, greenhouses and landscapes), and is developed based on insecticides registered for management of caterpillars in general. Some of the active ingredients are also available for homeowner use, albeit under different product trade names.

Important notes:

- 1. No product is registered specifically for box tree moth management. This list includes active ingredients that are registered for various caterpillar species, and are recommended for general caterpillar management on ornamental plants.
- 2. Inclusion of any insecticide in this list does not imply effectiveness. Efficacy data against populations in the US are not available. Discuss product efficacy and management plan with your local Extension agent or state Extension specialist.
- 3. Trade names are included as examples, and do not represent endorsement by Clemson University or any organization that uses this list.
- 4. Check with your local Extension office to determine if an active ingredient is registered for use in your state or county, as well as other use restrictions.
- 5. Read product labels carefully to determine use site, restricted entry interval (REI), personal protection equipment (PPE), application rate, application method, other use restrictions, and other instructions.
- 6. Some products are harmful to beneficial insects and mites, such as pollinators, parasitic wasps, predators, etc. Read labels carefully and adhere to advisory statements on pollinator protection. Generally, broad-spectrum insecticides, such as carbamates, organophosphates, neonicotinoids, abamectin and spinosyns, can be detrimental to certain natural enemy species. Use only compatible insecticides if biological control is practiced.

Insecticides Registered for Caterpillar Management in the US

Use site: L = landscape, N = nursery, G = greenhouse. REI = Restricted entry interval.

IRAC	Chemical class or	Active ingredient	Trade names	Use Site	REI	Pollinator
No.	subgroup	-	(examples)			Advisory
1A	Carbamates	carbaryl	Carbaryl, Sevin	L, N, G	12	No
1B	Organophosphates	acephate	Acephate, Lepitect,	L, N, G	24	No
			Orthene			
		chlorpyrifos	Chlorpyrifos	L, N	24	No
			Dursban	Ν	24	No
			DuraGuard ME	N, G	24	No
		malathion	Malathion	L, N	12	No
		trichlorfon	Dylox	L	N/A	No
3A	Pyrethroids	bifenthrin	Bifen, Talstar, etc.	L, N, G	12	No
			OnyxPro	L, N	12	No
		cyfluthrin	Decathlon	L, N, G	12	No
		beta-cyfluthrin	Tempo	L	N/A	No
		lambda-	Scimitar	L, N, G	24	No
		cyhalothrin				
		alpha-	Fendona	L	N/A	No
		cypermethrin				
		beta-cypermethrin	Demon	L	N/A	No
		deltamethrin	DeltaGard, Suspend	L	N/A	No
		fenpropathrin	Tame	L, N, G	24	No
		tau-fluvalinate	Mavrik Aquaflow	L, N, G	12	No
		permethrin	Astro	L, G	12	No
			Perm-Up	N, G	12	No
		pyrethrins	Lynx, Pyganic, etc	N, G	12	No
3A +	Pyrethroids +	bifenthrin +	Aloft	L	N/A	Yes
4A	Neonicotinoids	clothianidin				
		bifenthrin +	(Allectus)	L	N/A	Yes
		imidacloprid				
		cyfluthrin +	Discus N/G	N, G	12	Yes
		imidacloprid				
		λ -cyhalothrin +	Tandem	L	N/A	Yes
		imidacloprid				
		bifenthrin + zeta-	Triple Crown T&O	L	N/A	Yes
		cypermethrin +				
		imidacloprid				
3A +	Pyrethroids +	pyrethrins +	Azera Gardening	L, N, G	12	No
UN	Azadirachtin	azadirachtin				
3A +	Pyrethroids +	pyrethrins + <i>B</i> .	Botanigard MAXX	L, N, G	12	No
UNF	Entomopathogenic fungi	bassiana				
4A	Neonicotinoids	acetamiprid	Tristar	L, N, G	12	No
		dinotefuran	Safari	L, N, G	12	Yes
		thiamethoxam	Meridian	L	12	Yes

IRAC	Chemical class or	Active ingredient	Trade names	Use Site	REI	Pollinator
No.	subgroup		(examples)			Advisory
4C + 5	Sulfoxamines +	sulfoxaflor +	XXpire	N, G	12	No
	Spinosyns	spinetoram				
5	Spinosyns	spinosad	Conserve, Entrust	L, N, G	4	No
6	Avermectins	abamectin	Avid, Lucid, Minx	L, N, G	12	No
			Aracinate	L	N/A	No
11	Bacillus thuringiensis	Bt. subsp. aizawai	Agree, Xentari	L, N, G	4	No
	(<i>Bt</i>) and insecticidal	Bt. subsp. kurstaki	Biopit, Bioprotec,	L, N, G	4	No
	proteins		Dipel, Thuricide			
13	Chlorfenapyr	chlorfenapyr	Pylon	G	12	No
15	Benzoylureas	diflubenzuron	Dimilin	L	12	No
		novaluron	Pedestal	N, G	12	No
18	Diacyhydrazines	methoxyfenozide	Intrepid	L, N, G	4	No
21A	METI insecticides	tolfenpyrad	Hachi-Hachi	G	12	No
22A	Indoxacarb	indoxacarb	Provaunt	L	N/A	No
28	Diamides	chlorantraniliprole	Acelepryn	L, N, G	4	No
		cyantraniliprole	Mainspring	L, N, G	4	Yes
		cyclaniliprole	Sarisa	N, G	4	No
28 + 29	Diamides + Flonicamid	cyclaniliprole + flonicamid	Pradia	N, G	12	No
31	Nucleopolyhedroviruses	?	?	?	?	No
32	GS-omega/kappa HxTx- Hy1a peptide	GS-omega/kappa HxTx-Hy1a	Spear	N, G	4	No
	iii iu populuo	peptide				
UN	Unknown mode of	azadirachtin	Azatin, AzaGuard,	L. N. G	4	No
	action (MOA)		Ornazin, etc.	3 - 3 -		
		pyridaryl	Overture	G	12	No
UNB	Unknown MOA -	Heat-killed	Venerate	L, N, G	4	No
	Bacterial agents	Burkholderia spp.				
		Chromabacterium	Grandevo	L, N, G	4	No
UNE	Unknown MOA –	neem oil	Trilogy Triact	LNG	4	No
	Botanical extract		11110 <u>5</u> <u>y</u> , 111400	2, 11, 0	•	110
UNF	Unknown MOA –	Beauveria	Botanigard,	L, N, G	4	No
	Fungal agents	bassiana	Mycotrol, BioCeres			
		Isaria fumosorosea	Ancora	N, G	4	No
	Unclassified	Heterorhabditis	NemaShield	L, N, G	N/A	No
		bacteriophora				
		Steinernema	Millenium,	L, N, G	N/A	No
		carpocapsae	Capsanem		10	
		potassium salts of	M-Pede, Kopa	L, N, G	12	No
		tatty acid				
		(insecticidal soap)			4	NT.
		mineral, petroleum	SuffOil-X, Ultra-	L, N, G	4	No
		or parattinic oil	Pure, Sunspray			
		(norucultural or				
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Insecticides Available in the US for Use against Box Tree Moth (Modified from USDA APHIS 2021)

Source: USDA APHIS. 2021. Table 5-1 Insecticides available in the United States for use against box tree moth. In: New Pest Response Guidelines, *Cydalima perspectalis*, Box Tree Moth. Available: <u>https://www.aphis.usda.gov/plant_health/plant_pest_info/box-tree-moth/box-tree-moth-nprg.pdf</u> (Last Updated 15 July 2021.)

IRAC Number	Insecticide class or mode of action	Active ingredient		
28	Diamides	Chlorantraniliprole		
18	Ecdysone receptor antagonists	Methoxyfenozide		
6	Glutamate gated chloride	Abamectin		
0	channel blocker	Emamectin		
4A	Neonicotinoids	Thiacloprid		
		Trichlorfon		
1B	Organophosphate	Dimethoate		
		Chlorpyrifos		
		Lambda-cyhalothrin		
3 \	Puretbroids	Beta-cyfluthrin		
JA	I yieliiolds	Cypermethrin		
		Tau-fluvalinate		
5	Spinosyns	Spinosad		