Is Sulfur is the "S" in Soybean?

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SOYBEAN STATION

DELIVERING FIRST CLASS SOYBEAN INFORMATION



Weather Variety

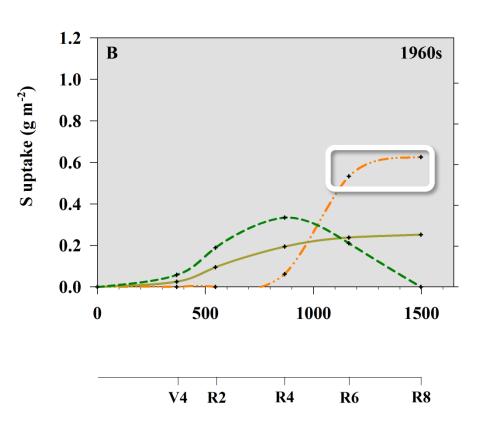
Intentional Soybean Management

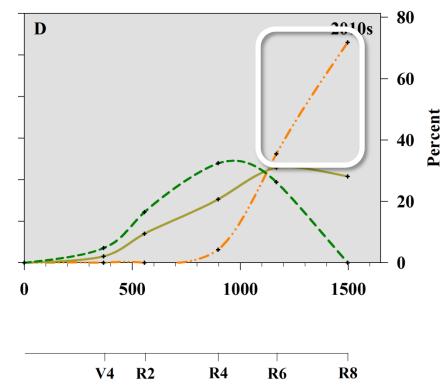
Weeds Early

Soil

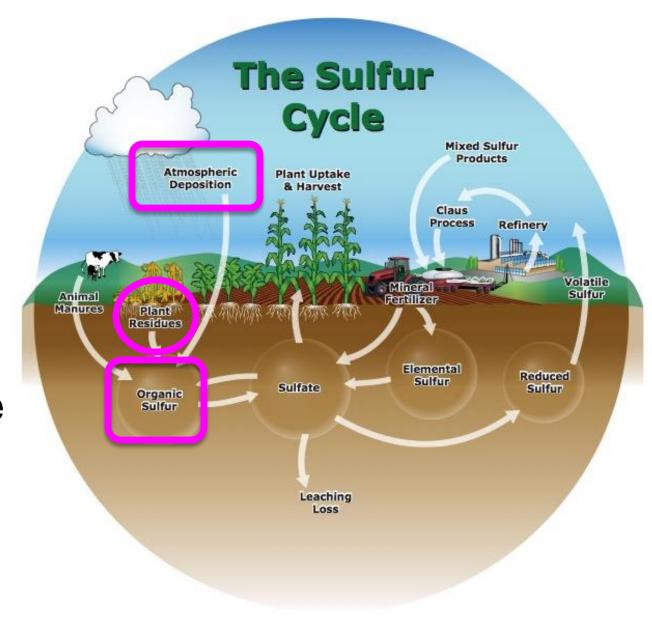


Maturity Group 2 S Accumulation: 1960s vs. 2010s





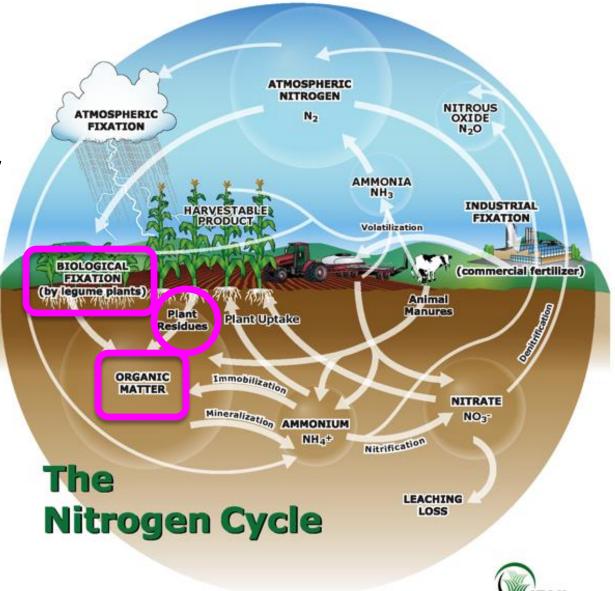
- Atmospheric Deposition
- Organic S
- Plant Residue



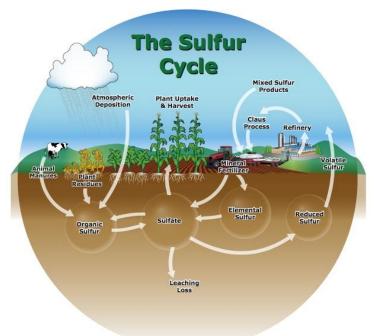
Organic Matter

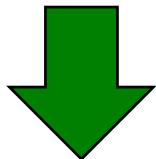
Plant Residue

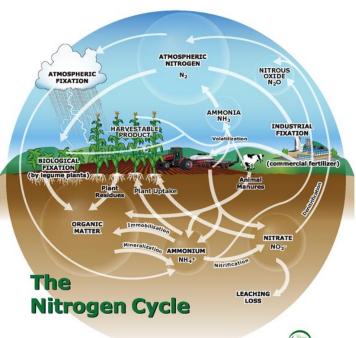
N Fixation









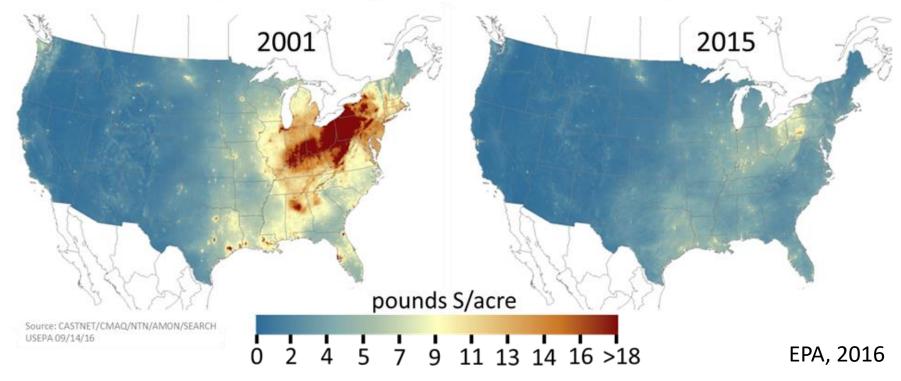




High Yielding Soybeans!

Sulfur: Who Needs It...Maybe You?





Which Crops Should Be the Most Responsive to Sulfur?

Supplying Sulfur to Our Fields

~3-5 lb S/ac mineralized per 1% OM per year

- Plant Residue Mineralized or Immobilized?
 - C:S Ratio < 200:1 → MINERALIZED SO₄-S
 - C:S Ratio > 400:1 → IMMOBILIZED SO₄-S
 - Corn Stover ~350:1
 - Soybean Stover ~125:1
 - Wheat Straw ~300:1
 - Cover Crop? Other Factors?

How Much S Does CORN Remove?

Grain	lb/bu	180 bu	220 bu	260 bu
Nitrogen	0.67	121	147	174
P_2O_5	0.35	63	77	91
K ₂ O	0.25	45	55	65
Sulfur	0.08	14	18	21
Total S	0.15	27	33	39

How Much S Does Soybean Need?

Grain	lb/bu	50 bu	75 bu	100 bu
Nitrogen	3.30	165	248	330
P_2O_5	0.73	37	55	73
K ₂ O	1.20	60	90	120
Sulfur	0.18	9	14	18
Total S	0.35	18	26	35

Doing the Math: Sulfur Needs (lb S/ac) (Rough Mass Balance)

Soil Organic Matter

Yield	Need	Sky	1%	2%	3%	4%
bu	lb S/ac		~4	~8	~12	~16
50	18	~5	9	5	1	+3
75	26	~5	17	13	9	5
100	35	~5	26	23	18	14

No Sulfur



20 lb S/acre



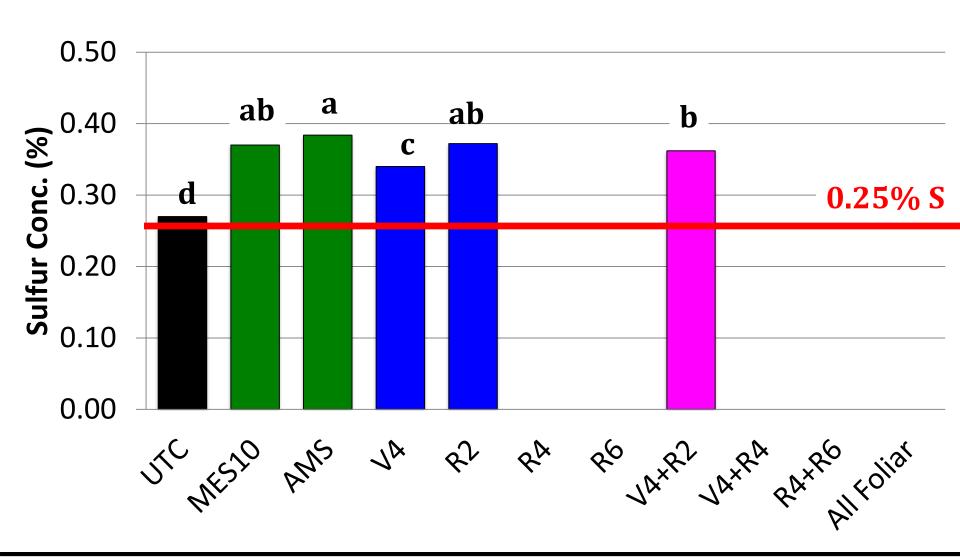
Flowering (aka R2) Leaf Nutrient Sufficiency Ranges

N	Р	K	Ca	Mg
3.25 to 5.0	0.30 to 0.60	1.5 to 2.25	0.8 to 1.4	0.25 to 0.70
S	Manganese	Zinc	Copper	Boron
0.25 to 0.60	17 to 100	21 to 80	4 to 30	20 to 60

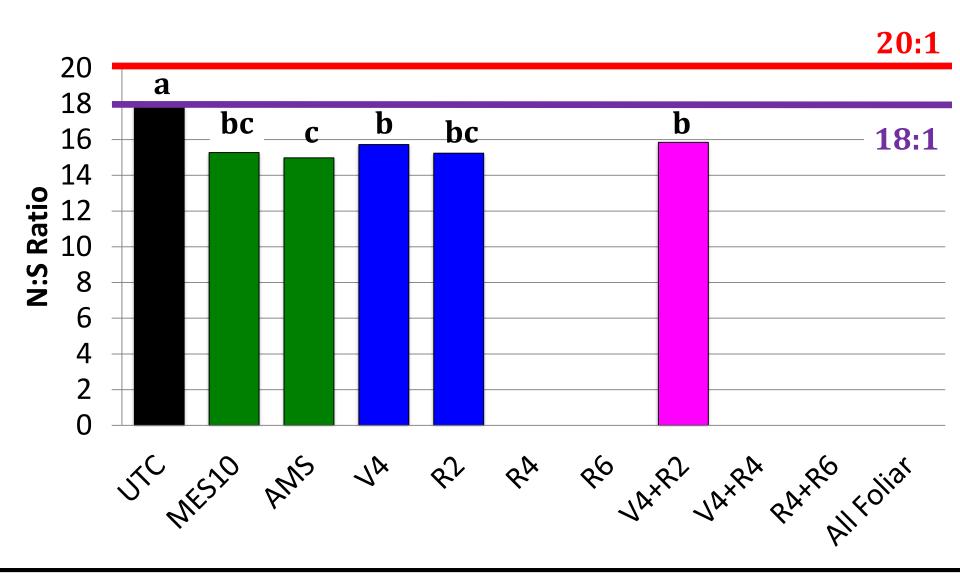
Sulfur Season Treatments

- Untreated
- Broadcast @ 20 lb S/ac with MES10 or AMS prior to emergence
- Single foliar @ 5 lb S/ac with spraygrade AMS:
 - V4, R2, R4, R6
- Sequential foliar combos @ 5 lb S/ac per pass
 - $-V4 + R2 \rightarrow 5 + 5 = 10 \text{ lb S/ac}$
 - $-V4 + R4 \rightarrow 5 + 5 = 10 lb S/ac$
 - $-R4 + R6 \rightarrow 5 + 5 = 10 lb S/ac$
 - $-V4 + R2 + R4 + R6 \rightarrow 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = 20 \text{ lb S/ac}$

2016 Sulfur @ R3 (18 d after R2)

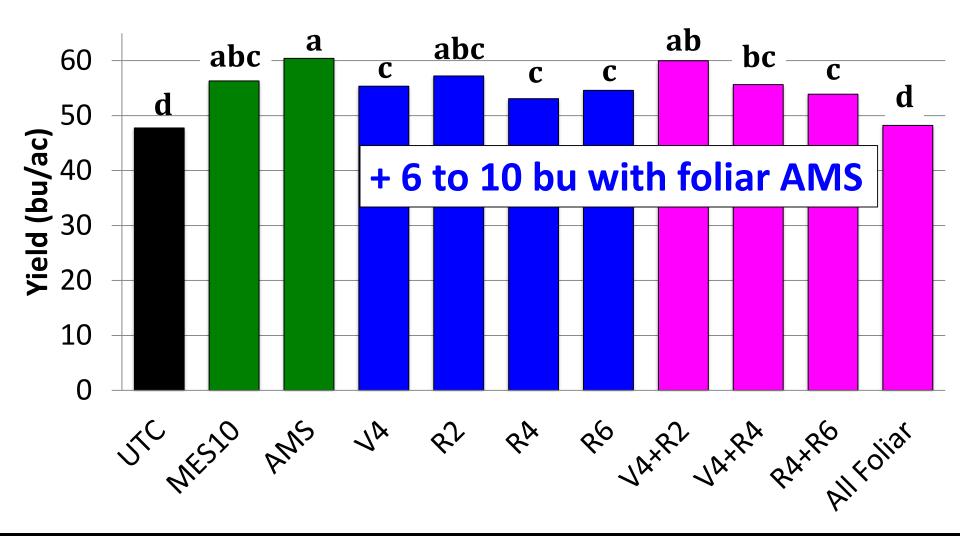


2016 N:S @ R3 (18 d after R2)



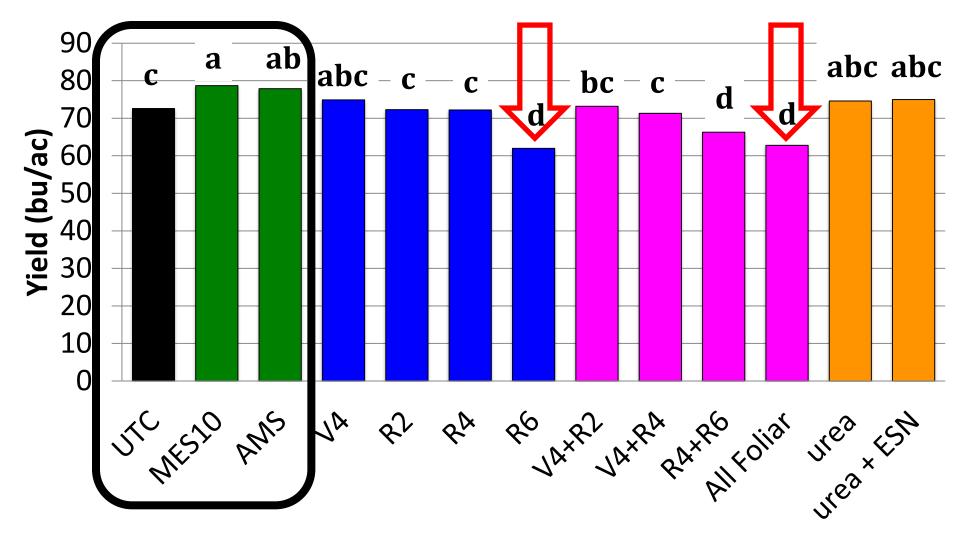
2016 Sulfur Season @ LaCrosse

+8.5 to 12.5 bu with broadcast



2016 Sulfur Season @ SWPAC

+ 6 bu with broadcast at V3



2017 Sulfur Response



No Sulfur



20 lb S/acre





No Sulfur



20 lb S/acre



No Sulfur 31 pods 17 nodes 1 branch



20 lb S/acre 45 pods 18 nodes 2 branches



2017 Sulfur Responsiveness

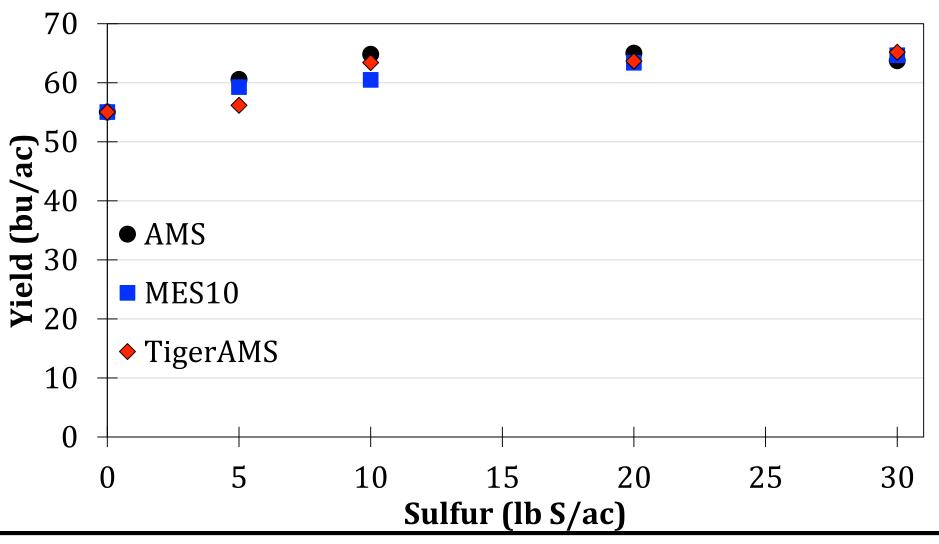
- Broadcast @ 20 lb S/ac: + 13 bu
 - Similar to 2016
- Single foliar @ 5 lb S/ac: + 4 to 7 bu
 - Not as good as 2016
- Sequential foliar combos: + 5 to 7.5 bu
 - No response (i.e., crop phytotoxicity) with foliar applications at all four timings (V4, R2, R4, R6)
 - Not as good as 2016

Doing the Math: Sulfur Needs (lb S/ac) (Rough Mass Balance)

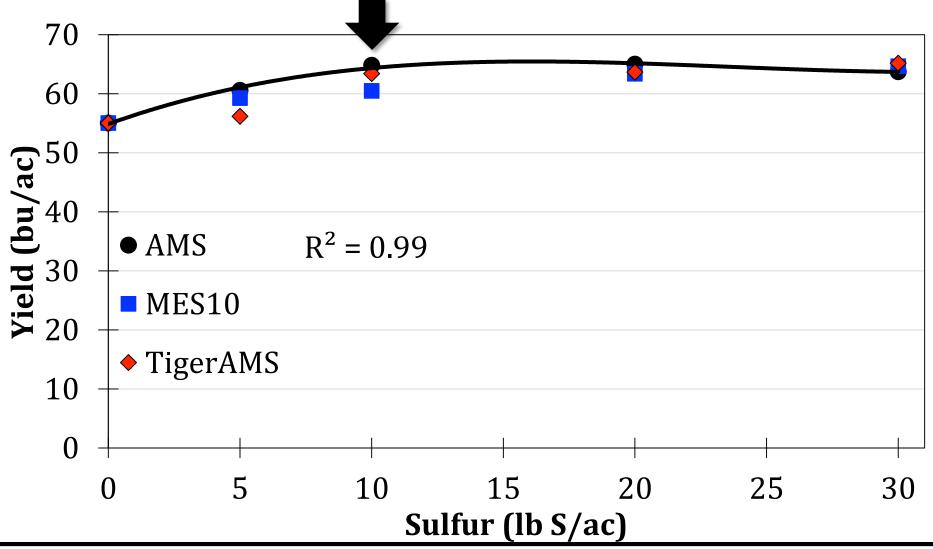
Soil Organic Matter

Yield	Need	Sky	1%	2%	3%	4%
bu	lb S/ac		~4	~8	~12	~16
50	18	~5	1/	/hat	is th	
75	26	~5				
100	35	~5	RI	GHI	RAT	E!

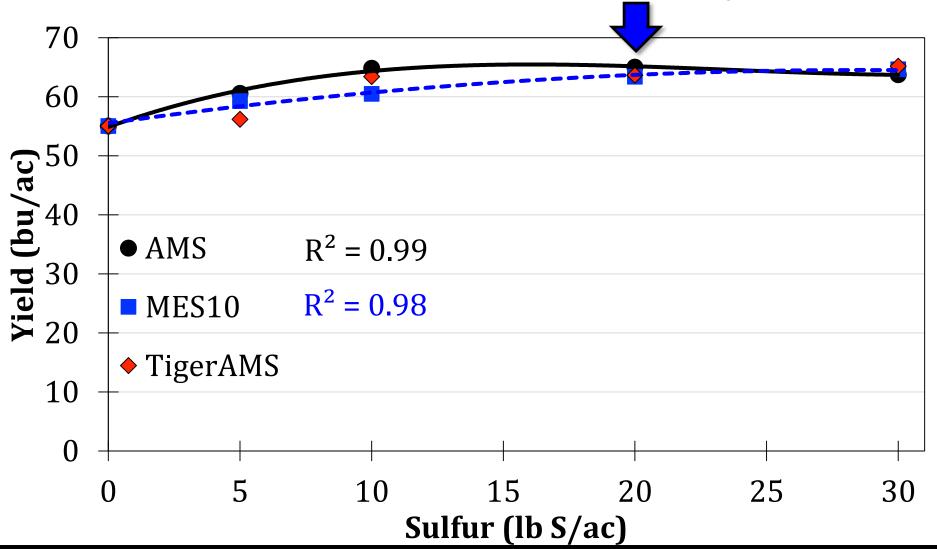
- Untreated control to be zero S rate
- Sulfur Rates: 5, 10, 20, 30 lb S/ac
- Sources:
 - AMS (21-0-0-24S), Ammonium Sulfate (Sulf-N®)
 - MES10 (12-40-0-10S), MicroEssentials MES10S™
 - TigerAMS (50:50 blend of bentonite elemental sulfur and ammonium sulfate)
- Phosphorus was balanced for all fertilizer treatments with triple super phosphate (0-45-0)
- Broadcast applied to the soil surface within a few days of planting



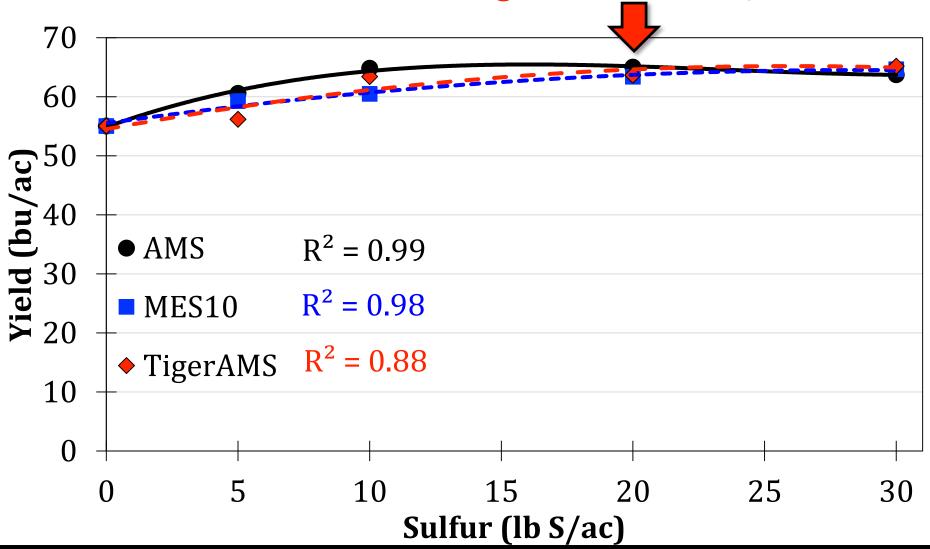


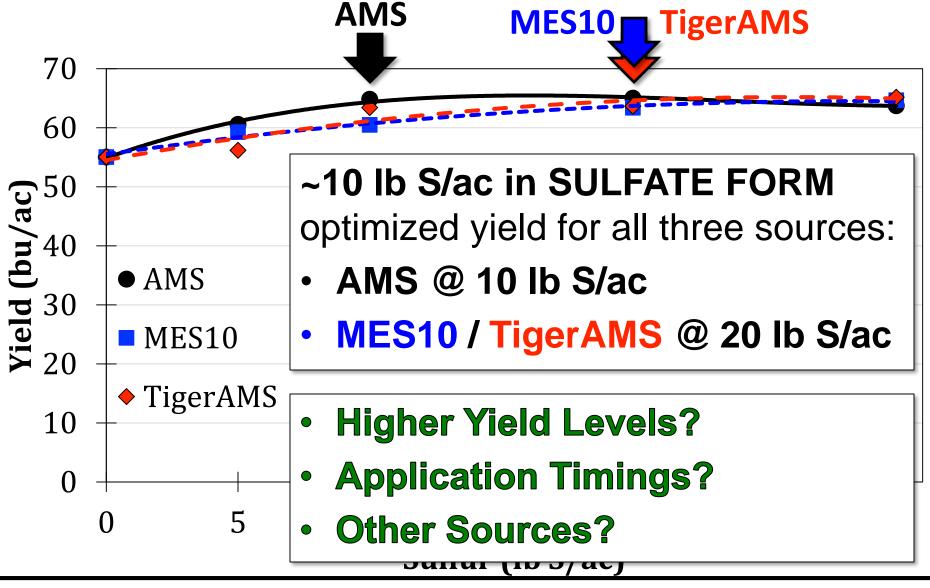


MES10 ~20 lb S/ac

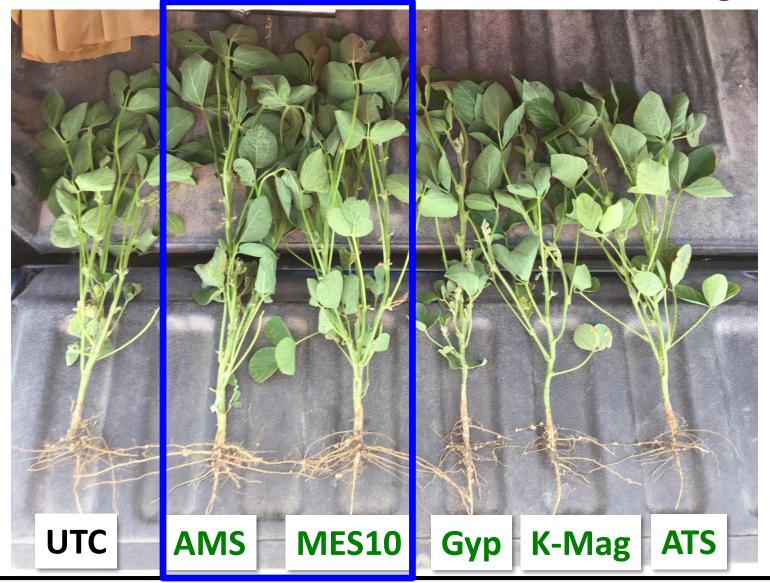


TigerAMS ~20 lb S/ac





18 New Sulfur Sources: Early R3



18 Sulfur Sources: LaCrosse

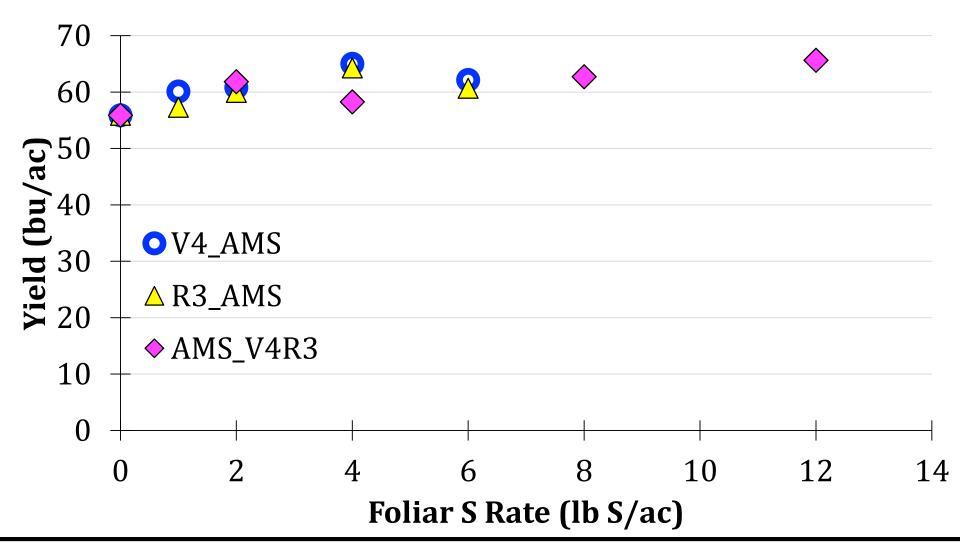
Source	Yield (bu/ac)
UTC	62.4
AMS	72.0
MES10	73.4
Gypsum	72.8
K-Mag	67.9
Tiger90CR	65.5
AMS:Tiger	68.8
spray.ATS	68.6
R3.Foliar.AMS	69.4

18 Foliar Sulfur Rate x Timing

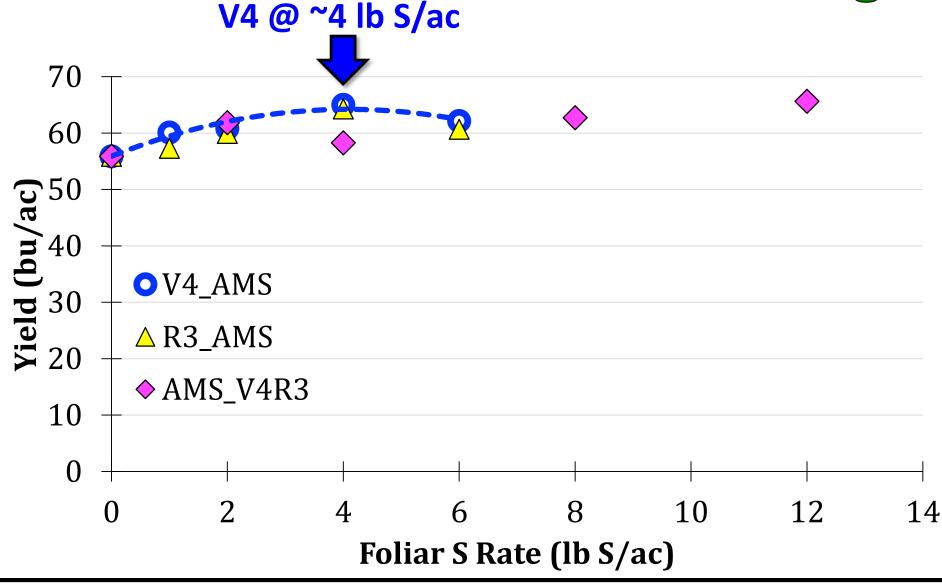
- Pre-AMS @ 20 lb S /ac
- Growth Stage Targets: V4, R3, V4 + R3
- Sulfur Rates: 0, 1, 2, 4, 6 lb S/ac
- Spray grade AMS
- 15 GPA
- LaCrosse, IN



18 Foliar Sulfur Rate x Timing

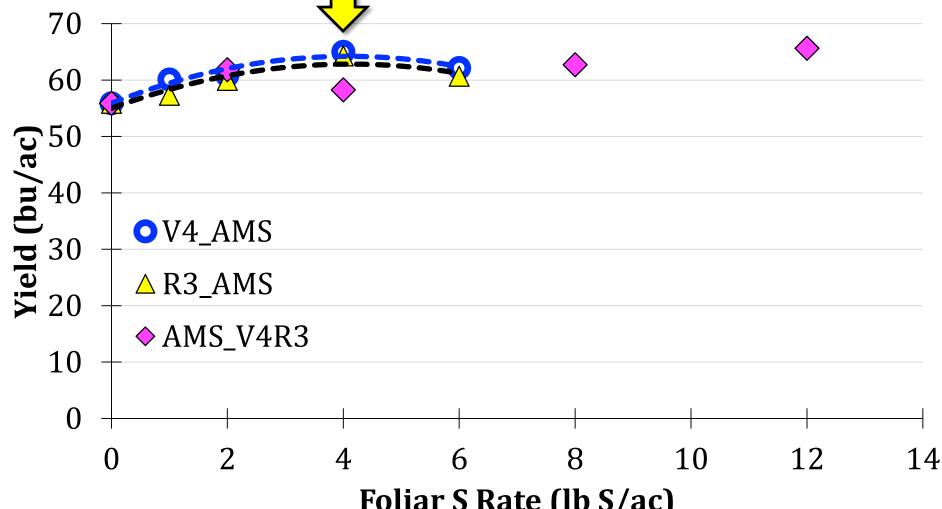


18 Foliar Sulfur Rate x Timing



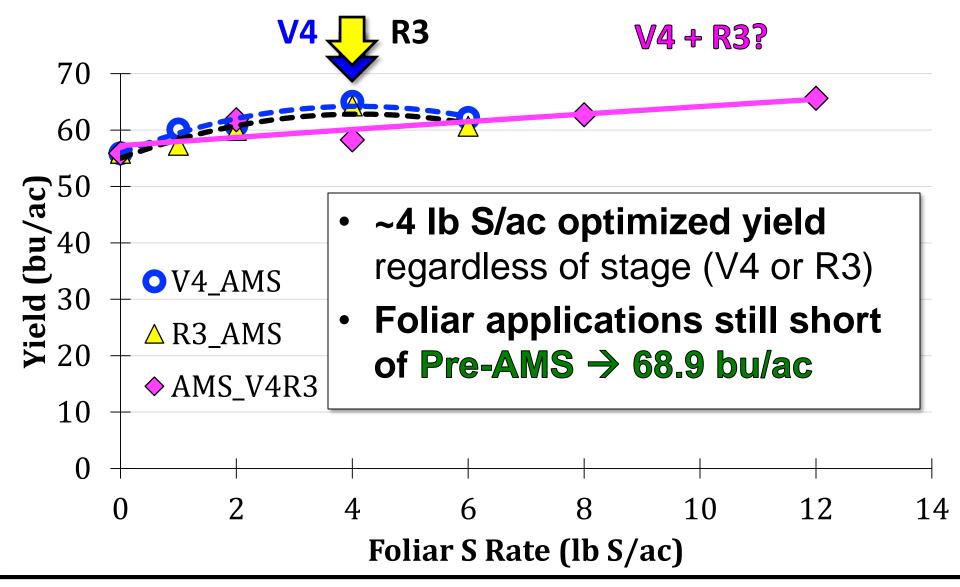
18 Foliar Sulfur Rate x Timing





Foliar S Rate (lb S/ac)

18 Foliar Sulfur Rate x Timing



Weather Variety

Intentional Soybean Management

Weeds Early

Soil

TIMELY PLANTING of Soybeans



TIMELY PLANTING of Soybeans

- Best combination of heat unit accumulation and light interception to maximize:
 - Nodes
 - Pods
 - Reproductive branches
 - Canopy closure
 - Reproductive duration
- Late April to Early May: general sweet spot
- Loss of yield potential 0.3 to 0.4 bu/ac/day after mid-May (even early May occasionally)

18 Preliminary N+S Findings

N+S x Planting Date

- ACRE: West Lafayette
- 2 x 10 Factorial arranged in RCBD with 5 reps
- Variety: AG 34x6
- 2 Planting Dates: May 11th, June 5th
- 10 N-S Based Treatments

Treatment	Timing	Nitrogen	Sulfur	May 11	June 5
		lb N/ac	lb S/ac	bu/ac	bu/ac
UTC	•	•	•	62.4	59.2
AMS	PRE-Emerge	17.5	20	69.5	60.7
ATS	PRE-Emerge	9.3	20	71.5	61.9

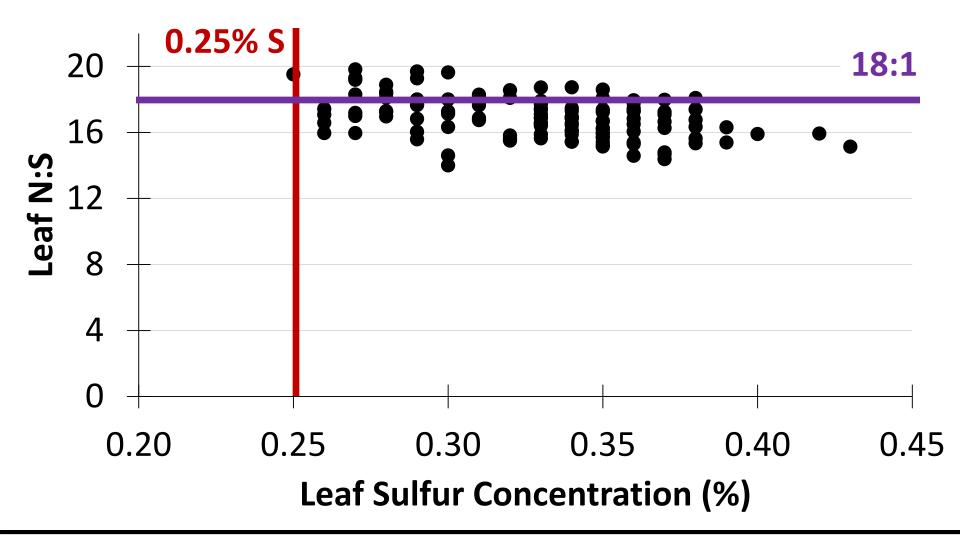
18 Preliminary N+S Findings

N+S x Variety

- Pinney PAC: Wanatah, IN
- 2 x 10 Factorial arranged in RCBD with 5 reps
- 2 Varieties: AG24x7, AG34x6 planted May 25th
- 10 N-S Based Treatments

Treatment	Timing	Nitrogen	Sulfur	AG 24X7	AG 34X6
		lb N/ac	lb S/ac	bu/ac	bu/ac
UTC	•	•	•	65.3	66.0
AMS	PRE-Emerge	17.5	20	69.3	65.4
ATS	PRE-Emerge	9.3	20	60.2	67.0

18 INField Advantage: Untreated Leaf Samples



18 INFA Tipton



66 pods/plant 18.4 nodes

44 pods/plant 16.6 nodes

Concluding Thoughts on Sulfur

- Soil test? Not Really.
- Soybean is the integrator
 - Late Spring Broadcast of ~20 lb S/ac with soluble source (e.g., AMS, MES10, Gypsum, ATS)
 - Leaf Nutritional Snapshots then Apply Sulfur
 - "Close" to critical S levels (0.25%)
 - N:S ~18:1 or higher
 - Foliar S → ~4 lb S/ac
- Management x Fertility Considerations?
 - Field conditions that affect sulfur availability and nodulation + N fixation (e.g., soil temp, planting, residue)

Thanks for the support!







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Highlighter Green Soybeans

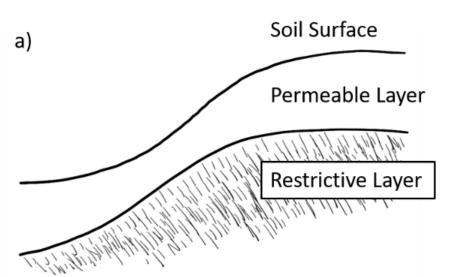


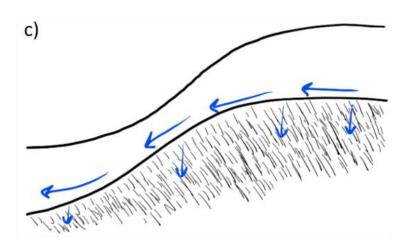


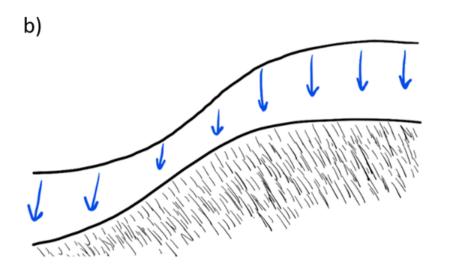
University - 57

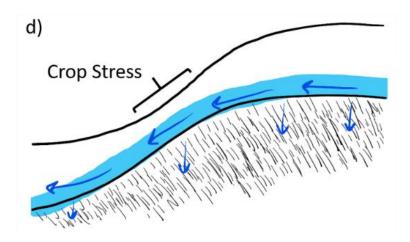


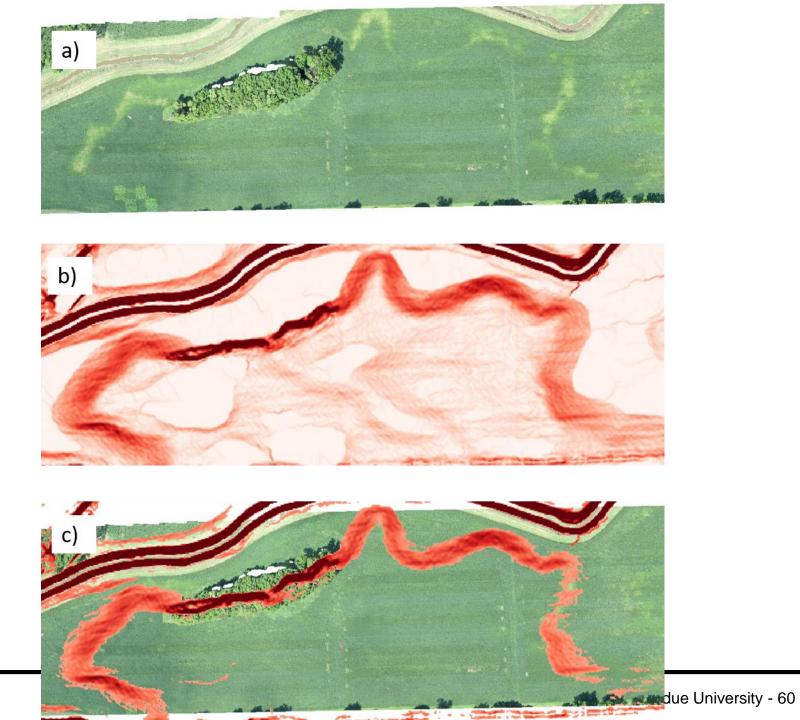
Seep Hydrology











A New Pest in 2018?



Shelby County



Shelby County



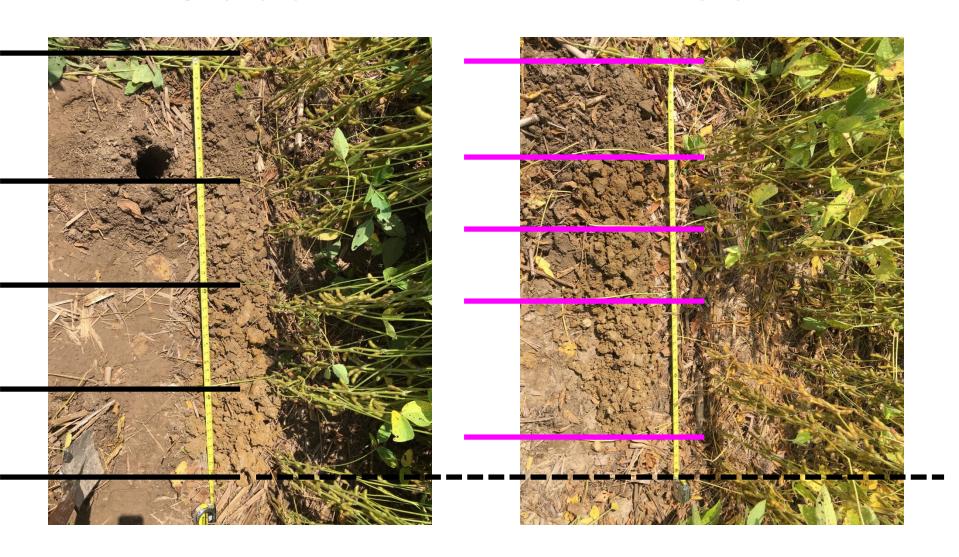


18.8 nodes 43.1 pods ~60 bu

16.7 nodes 28.7 pods ~40 bu







Advancing the INField Advantage Soy + Sulfur Program

- Yield maps so data can be queried
- PDF yield maps are at the mercy of the legend's scale with no way of quantifying the yield response unless it is dramatic
 - How much of a yield response is break-even for 20 lb of S/ac via AMS? ~2 to 2.5 bu/ac
 - Can you tell the difference between 2, 3, or 4 bu pixels on a yield map?

Firm Foundations For Yield

- Varieties are taking up more N and S
- Timely Planting sets the stage
- Fertility for yield potential
- Sulfur (and Nitrogen)
 - Sulfur-Deficient Fields
 - Sulfur can be Situationally Deficient (and N?)
 - Sulfur → Nodulation, N Fixation, N Utilization

Yield Map Legend Example

May 11	June 5
bu/ac	bu/ac
62.4	59.2
69.5	60.7
71.5	61.9
74.2	62.8
75.9	58.0
76.1	57.6
77.3	59.9
72.8	60.5
68.1	59.7
72.4	57.2

May 11	June 5
bu/ac	bu/ac
62.4	59.2
69.5	60.7
71.5	61.9
74.2	62.8
75.9	58.0
76.1	57.6
77.3	59.9
72.8	60.5
68.1	59.7
72.4	57.2

Yield Map Legend Example

Treatment	Timing	Nitrogen	Sulfur	May 11	June 5
		lb N/ac	lb S/ac	bu/ac	bu/ac
UTC	•	•	•	62.4	59.2
AMS	PRE-Emerge	17.5	20	69.5	60.7
ATS	PRE-Emerge	9.3	20	71.5	61.9
AMS + Urea	PRE-Emerge	40	10	74.2	62.8
AMS + Urea	V4	40	10	75.9	58.0
V4 + R3	V4 + R3 Direct	80	20	76.1	57.6
AMS + UAN	R3 Direct	40	10	77.3	59.9
UAN	R3 Direct	40	•	72.8	60.5
AMS	R3 Direct	8.75	10	68.1	59.7
R3 + Feed	R3 + R5, 5.5, 6, 6.5	80	20	72.4	57.2

Yield Map Legend Example

Treatment	Timing	Nitrogen	Sulfur	May 11	June 5
		lb N/ac	lb S/ac	bu/ac	bu/ac
UTC	•	•	•	62.4	59.2
AMS	PRE-Emerge	17.5	20	69.5	60.7
ATS	PRE-Emerge	9.3	20	71.5	61.9
AMS + Urea	PRE-Emerge	40	10	74.2	62.8
AMS + Urea	V4	40	10	75.9	58.0
V4 + R3	V4 + R3 Direct	80	20	76.1	57.6
AMS + UAN	R3 Direct	40	10	77.3	59.9
UAN	R3 Direct	40	•	72.8	60.5
AMS	R3 Direct	8.75	10	68.1	59.7
R3 + Feed	R3 + R5, 5.5, 6, 6.5	80	20	72.4	57.2

Shelby County







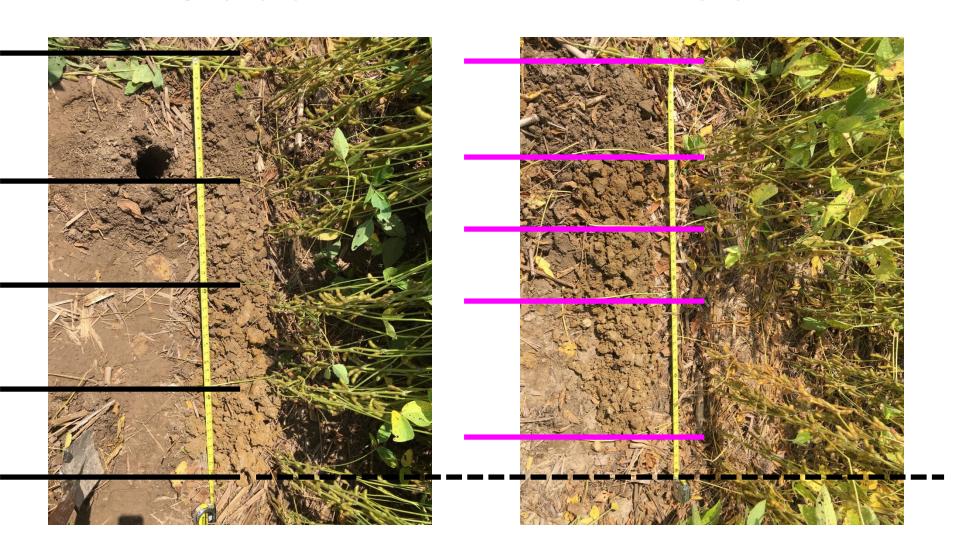
Poor



18.8 nodes 43.1 pods ~60 bu 16.7 nodes 28.7 pods ~40 bu







18 Preliminary N+S Findings

N+S x Planting at West Lafayette, IN

Treatment	Timing	Nitrogen	Sulfur	May 11	June 5
		lb N/ac	lb S/ac	bu/ac	bu/ac
UTC	•	•	•	62.4	59.2
AMS	PRE-Emerge	17.5	20	69.5	60.7
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N+S x Variety at Wanatah, IN: May 25th Planting

Treatment	Timing	Nitrogen	Sulfur	AG 24X7	AG 34X6
		lb N/ac	lb S/ac	bu/ac	bu/ac
UTC	•	•	•	65.3	66.0
AMS	PRE-Emerge	17.5	20	69.3	65.4
ATS	PRE-Emerge	9.3	20	60.2	67.0

Future: Planting Date x Source

- Planting Date: 5 small, but 2 to 3 at PACs?
- Sources:
 - ATS Burndown
 - ATS in Starter 0x2
 - AMS Broadcast
 - Other Soluble Sources

Future: Field Residue x Source

- Field Residue:
 - Corn Stalks
 - Corn Residue levels
 - Cover Crop: C. Rye, Others
- Sources:
 - ATS Burndown
 - ATS in Starter 0x2
 - AMS Broadcast
 - Other Soluble Sources

Future: Incubation Studies

- 2 Soils
- Residues
 - -C. Rye
 - Corn Stover
 - Corn Stover + C. Rye
- C:N Ratios
- C:S Ratios
- Fertilizer additions?

Future: App Timing x Source

- Application: 5 to 6 timings
 - Fall
 - Feb-March (~60 d prior to planting)
 - March-April (~30 d prior to planting)
 - Planting (within 1 week)
 - V2 (~30 d after planting)
 - V6/R1 (~60 d after planting)
- Sources: 4 to 6?
 - AMS Broadcast
 - Gypsum
 - MES10
 - Elemental S
 - ATS?
 - Any Blends?
- Rates?
 - 12 lb, 24 lb S/ac
- Untreated