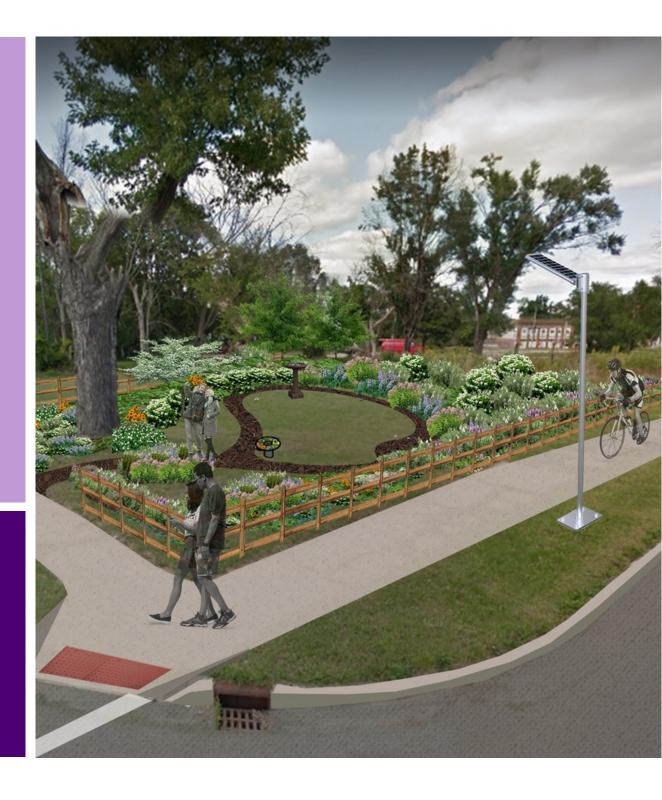
# Flint Native Habitat Restoration Vision Plan:

Using Pollinator Garden
Concepts for Vacant Lots

Sustainable Built
Environment Initiative
September, 2021

MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY

School of Planning, Design and Construction



## Table of Contents

Acknowledgements — 4

#### Introduction — 5

- Project Overview 7
- Process 8
- Existing Conditions Images 9

#### Community Input — 10

- Meeting One: Community Visioning 11
- Meeting Two: Design Input 18
- Meeting Three: Final Recommendations 25

#### Design & Planning Recommendations — 27

- Planning & Design Goals 28
- Goals and Objectives 29
- Planning Recommendations 30
- Seasonal Design Activities 35
- Plant Selection 36
- Design Themes and Locations 41
- Ballenger Square Example Lot Design 42
- Ballenger Highway Example Lot Design 44
- Bel Aire Woods Example Lot Design 46
- Grace Community Christian Example Lot Design 48
- WC's Beautification Example Lot Design 50

#### Appendix — 52

- Appendix A: Meeting One Visioning Input 53
- Appendix B: Meeting Two Design Feedback 55
- Appendix C: Meeting Three Recommendations 56

## Acknowledgements

#### **Local Partners**

Genesee County Land Bank, The City of Flint, Genesee County Land Bank Clean & Green Neighborhood Groups, and MI-YVPC.

#### The Michigan State University Team

Michigan State University (MSU) and the School of Planning Design and Construction (SPDC) is led by faculty members Wayne Beyea and Jun-Hyun Kim, with research assistants Jason Derry, Emma Gilbert, Maggie Huntley, Quinn Kendra, Armin Mouly, Shu Yang and Paige O'Keefe.

#### **Special Thanks**

The MSU Team would like to express their gratitude to Christina Kelly, Melissa Hertlein, and Raynetta Speed with the Genesee County Land Bank and all of the Clean & Green members that participated throughout this project. This process would not have been possible without their invaluable feedback and support.

The following entities have provided support to make this initiative possible:

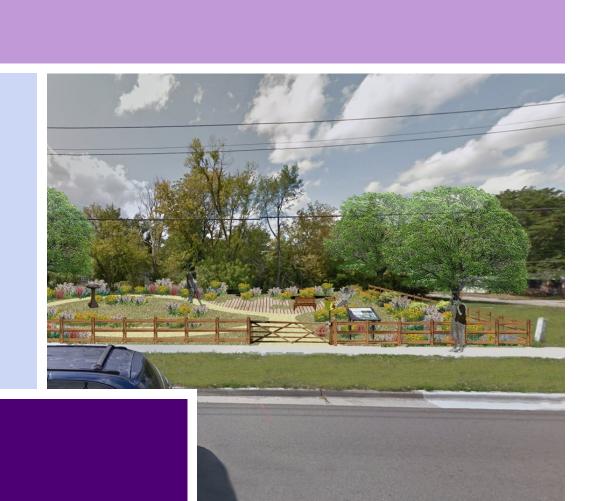












## Introduction

## Introduction

MSU Extension (MSUE) and the School of Planning, Design and Construction (SPDC) have jointly developed the Sustainable Built Environment Initiative (SBEI) to address sustainability challenges and improve the quality of life in Michigan's communities. The partnership allows for an integrated approach to solving complex community problems through the diverse expertise found within the School of Planning, Design and Construction along with MSUE's institutes and Extension educators. The Sustainable Built Environment Initiative focuses on projects that integrate planning and design elements within a sustainability framework.

#### **OBJECTIVES OF THE SBEI**

- Work with communities to develop sustainable planning and design ideas for local issues and opportunities
- Build consensus and generate ideas to address challenging sustainability concerns
- Act as a bridge between communities and consulting, planning and design professionals

**Please note:** The design recommendations in this report are intended to be conceptual and visionary. As a tool for consensus building, this report does not include an environmental, technical or market feasibility analysis or cost estimates necessary for final design recommendations.

## Project Overview

The purpose of the Flint Pollinator Project is to develop a conceptual plan for transforming vacant land and abandoned lots into native habitat areas within the City of Flint. This report details how MSU staff, the Genesee County Land Bank, and citizen representatives from local neighborhood groups partnered to identify community concerns and build consensus on the conceptual plan. The overall results serve as an aesthetics and utility guide. The community input will help direct the future enhancement of ecosystem services while improving the appearance of lots and

promoting social interaction between community members.

To enhance ecosystem services, the final design/planning recommendations consider the following themes:

- Creating wildlife habitats in the form of pollinator gardens to support the wellbeing of neighborhood flora, and
- Cultivating natural stormwater management systems to reduce runoff and promote infiltration.

Ultimately, the community feedback centers around four goals with which to move forward:

## GOALS OF THE FLINT POLLINATOR PROJECT

- I. Revitalization 3. Placemaking
- 2. Safety 4. Sustainability

With a collaborative process, the MSU team worked with the Genesee County Land Bank and Flint residents to address these objectives through the resources and opportunities unique to the City of Flint. This report serves as the culmination of that work and provides guidance for realistic solutions to achieve a more sustainable built environment.

#### WHAT IS A 'POLLINATOR GARDEN'?

A pollinator garden is planted and designed, with diverse pollen producing plants which overlap bloom time throughout the season and attracts pollinating insects known as pollinators (Source: Michigan Pollinator Initiative; College of Natural Science, Michigan State University).

## Process

## Visioning Sessions, Preliminary Recommendations, Final Plan Presentation, Implementation

To achieve a plan for the area that accurately representing the interests of the neighborhoods, a three-meeting input process was adopted.

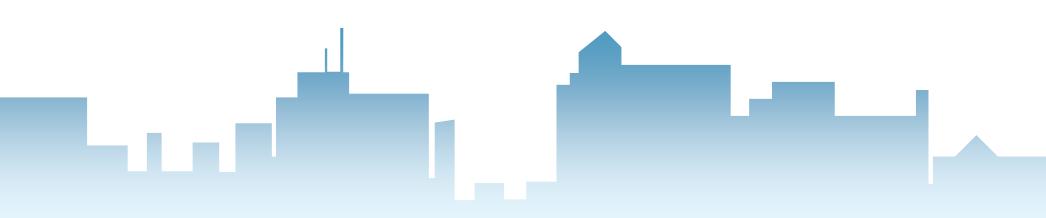
On November 13, 2020 the first virtual meeting was held as a preliminary opportunity for residents of Flint to discuss opportunities and preferences for pollinator gardens. With the input of local representatives, the meeting acted as a forum for community leaders and citizens to

make suggestions concerning the project.

The second virtual meeting was held on March 26, 2021. The primary purpose was to present preliminary recommendations and designs for the area. Participants voiced their opinions and concerns on the initial proposals. This input was then analyzed and used to update the proposals to further meet the needs of the community.

At the third and final meeting on June 4,

2021, the final design images and planning recommendations were presented virtually to the public. From this meeting, input was gathered to make final adjustments to the content of this report.



## **Existing Conditions Images**

Five neighborhood areas were identified to focus efforts for this project. Representative sites were selected within these areas to showcase potential pollinator improvements. The five representative sites are illustrated below.



Ballenger Square Community Association: 1209 N. Chevrolet Ave.



Ballenger Highway Neighborhood Association: 2313 Welch Boulevard



Bel-Aire Woods Association: 5610 Cloverlawn Street



Grace Community Christian Fellowship: 1335 Lewis Street



WC's Beautification Project: 4705 Dupont Street



## Community Input

## Meeting One: Community Visioning

Neighborhood groups from the City of Flint area met on November 13, 2020 via Zoom. MSU faculty presented an overview of the SBEI process and information about urban pollinators.

Participants were asked to vote, using the poll feature on Zoom, on visual preferences of pollinator gardens. The vote consisted of neighborhood residents in attendance voting on a scale from 1(dislike)-5 (like) regarding their opinion of the visual image. The visual preferences were divided into four characteristics—garden concepts, amenities, perimeters, and signage. Participants were then organized into breakout rooms for discussion (see questions below).



Screenshot of the Meeting One breakout rooms conducted through Zoom.

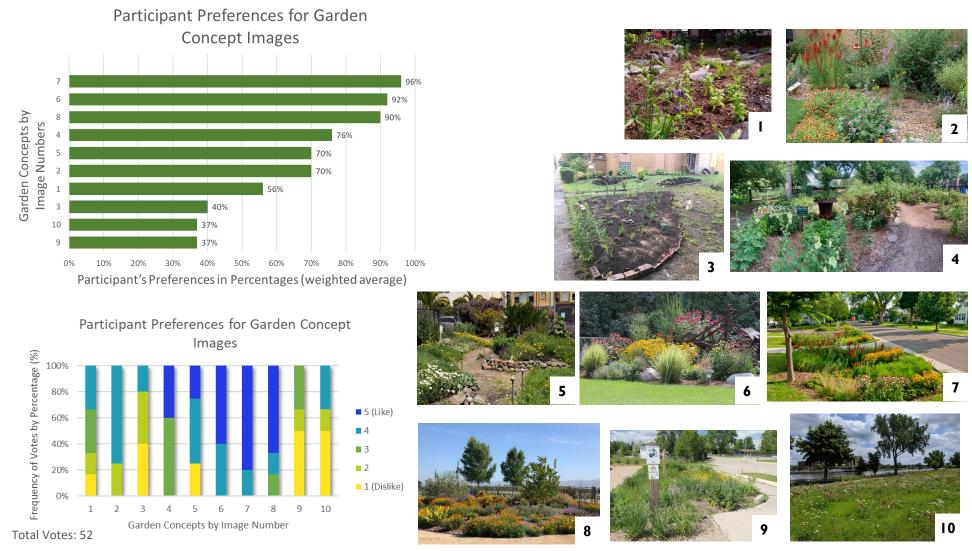
#### **Breakout room questions**

- 1. What do you like about what you heard concerning pollinator gardens?
- 2. What are your concerns about pollinator gardens?
- 3. What kinds of activities would you like to see on the pollinator garden sites?
- 4. What would improve the sense of place (e.g., live, work, play) on pollinator sites in the neighborhood?
- 5. Do you have any recommendations that weren't previously discussed?

Following the breakout room discussions, groups then reported out their key points. Participants' feedback was organized into five major themes—beautification, perimeters, maintenance, sense of place and youth/community involvement.

#### **Garden Concepts Images:**

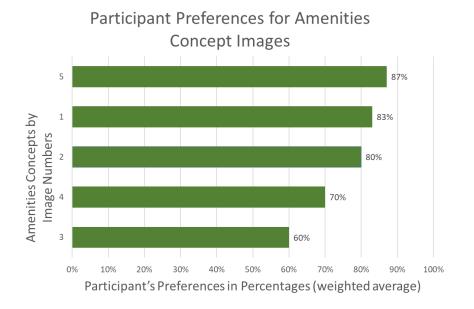
At Meeting One, residents provided input to develop a vision for pollinator gardens within the city of Flint. Participants were asked (using the poll feature via Zoom) to rate example images of pollinator garden characteristics. These characteristics included Garden Concepts, Amenities, Perimeters, and Signage. Each participate rated the image shown on a scale of 1-5 (**1 for dislike**; **5 for like**). In reference to the garden concept images, the high preference images are image 7, 6 and 8 while the low preference images are 10 and 9.



#### **Amenities Concept Images:**

Total Votes: 28

In reference to the amenities concept images, the high preference images are image 5, 1 and 2, while the low preference image is 3.





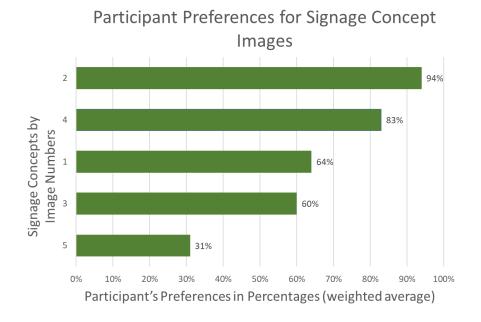
#### **Perimeter Concept Images:**

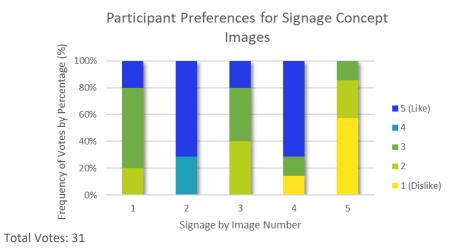
In reference to the perimeter concept images, the high preference images are image 3, 5 and 1 while the low preference images are 2 and 6.



#### Signage Concept Images:

In reference to the signage concept images, the high preference images are image 2 and 4, while the low preference image is 5.







To prompt group discussion, during Meeting One, participants were asked to discuss their answers to the following questions:

- I. What do you like about what you heard concerning pollinator gardens?
- 2. What are your concerns about pollinator gardens?
- 3. What kinds of activities would you like to see on the pollinator garden sites?
- 4. What would improve the sense of place (e.g., live, work, play) on pollinator sites in the neighborhood?
- 5. Do you have any recommendations that weren't previously discussed?

There were five major themes from participants' feedback regarding these questions.

- Beautification: Meeting participants
  were enthusiastic about the beautification
  the pollinator gardens could provide, as
  long as there is a way to prevent dumping
  on the sites.
- 2. Perimeters: Some participants want perimeters around pollinator sites to deter people from dumping, while others do not want perimeters out of fear they could deter community members from spending time in the gardens.

- 3. Maintenance: Some meeting participants were concerned about the maintenance required for these pollinator gardens, including watering plants, deterring vandalism, and educating community members about maintaining the space.
- 4. Sense of Place: Most meeting participants were interested in the pollinator gardens establishing a sense of place through the installation of benches, signage, and public art. They would like the gardens to be intentionally placed rather than appearing as weed gardens.
- 5. Youth/Community Involvement: Many participants were interested in involving people in the community, specifically young people in the maintenance and activities that can take place in the pollinator gardens. This would improve the sense of community, while educating community members about pollinator gardens.



Screenshot of the Meeting One visioning input process.

Following Meeting One, a post-meeting survey was sent out to participants who were not able to attend the Zoom session. These word clouds are prepared from the responses received from the zoom meeting and the subsequent survey. The responses to the open-ended questions were summarized below using word clouds. A word cloud is a visualization tool whereby the larger the word, the more frequent the word/phrase appeared.

I. What are you most proud of about your neighborhood?

Older homeowners
Ready to see change
Community block club Somewhat safe
Neighborhood associations
Demolition of abandoned properties

#### Appearance of homes

Community involvement & participation
Neighbors protect & clean-up together
Clean & Green participation
Clean Watch out for each other
Walking paths Long-time neighbors
Weekly volunteers
Spring clean-up
Ballenger Hwy.

2. What are you most dissatisfied about with your neighborhood?

Crime
We segregate ourselves
Privately owned property
Keeping neighborhoods clean

Vacant/blighted/abandonded homes

Increasing renter population
Business/agency investments
Block club participation
Vacant Longfellow School
Neighborhood up-keep
Dumping

3. If you could float over the site in a hot air balloon 15 years from now, what would you most like to see?

More vacant lots
Desolate areas removed/improved
Greenery No blight New growth
Cook-outs New businesses
Vacant homes demolished
Children playing and laughing
Neighbors outside talking
Neat lawns New homes Maintained homes
Quiet neighborhood Clean Spaces to socialize
Clean vacant lots Clean Spaces to socialize
Clean vacant lots Clean Spaces to socialize
Fully occupied homes, gardens, neighborhood parks
Sustainable usage of green spaces
Increasing property values
Clean/safe environment

Total Votes: 15

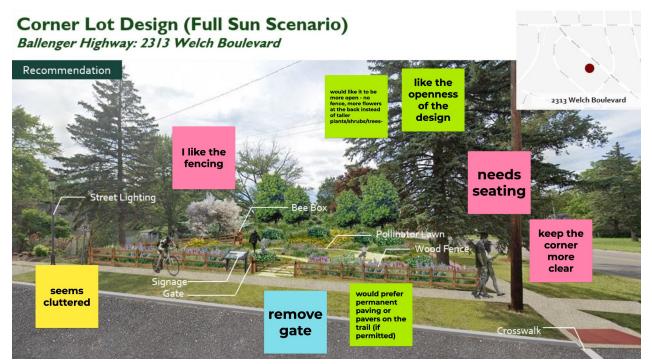
## Community Input

## Meeting Two: Design Input

On March 26, 2021, the MSU team presented before and after design options and character images depicting features for the pollinator gardens. Thirteen people outside the MSU team attended the meeting representing Ballenger Square, Bel-Aire Woods, Ballenger Highway, Eastside Coalition, and WC's Beautification Project Clean and Green neighborhood groups. In addition, project coordinators from the Genesee County Land Bank attended the meeting.

After presenting preliminary survey results and feedback received during and after Meeting One, participants were asked to provide feedback on five pollinator garden design renderings to further inform the visioning process. Using Google JamBoard and the "Chat" feature on Zoom, attendees responded with feedback to the design images presented. This input was organized into two feedback prompts:

- I. What do you like about the designs presented today?
- 2. What needs to be added or removed to improve the design?



Screenshot of the Meeting Two design feedback representation depicted through Zoom.

Overall, participants disagreed as to whether they felt the designs should include passive garden activities; however, all participants agreed that corner lots would be the most optimal lot location for pollinator gardens, and they generally agreed that garden plantings need to be strategically chosen and planted on the site so that nearby drivers' sightlines are not obstructed. In general, participants did not like designs that showed dense plantings with limited color variation.

### Design Input: Character Images Feedback Examples

Community members responded to character images of designs created by the design team by adding their feedback to a Google JamBoard by placing "sticky notes" directly onto the images. This input helped the MSU team identify the preferences of the residents of the community.



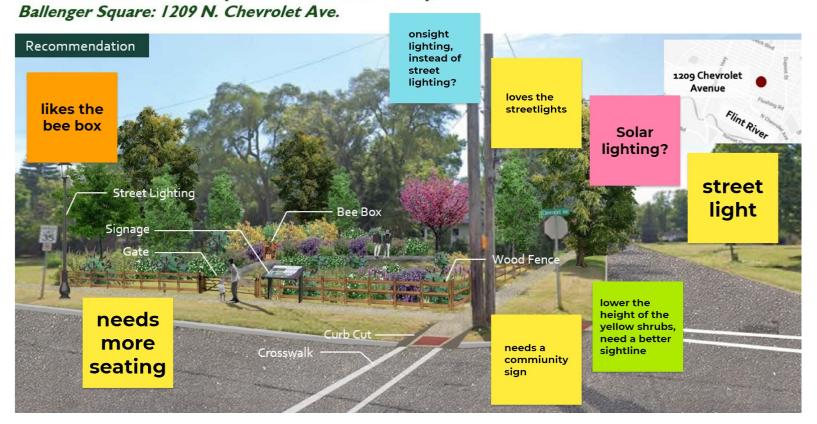


## Design Input: Ballenger Square (Educational Garden)

When asked, "What do you like about the design?", participants responded that they generally like the suggested design. They particularly liked the streetlights and inquired as to the options they have to implement lighting around the lot. As such, solar lights and other onsite lighting options were briefly discussed. Participants also liked the bee box.

When asked, "What needs to be added or removed to improve the design?", participants disagreed as to whether amenities for passive activities, such as benches, should be included in the garden design. Participants also vocalized that they were interested in adding cameras to the design to deter vandalism and dumping. Upon discussing lighting options, participants worried about the cost and maintenance of the lights. Furthermore, participants worried that the height of the two yellow bushes in the background of the image would obscure sightlines for nearby drivers and suggested shorter plantings should be placed there instead. Finally, participants vocalized they were interested in incorporating a neighborhood sign similar to the one included in design four.

**Education Garden (Wet Soil Scenario)** 

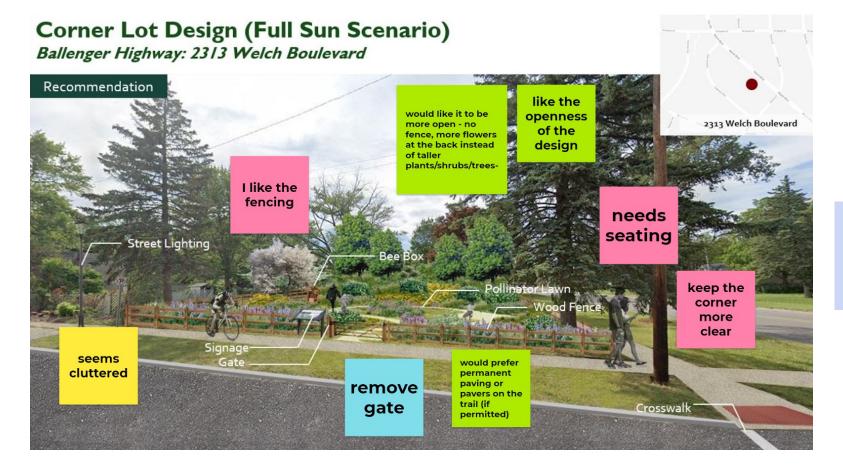


Screenshot of the Ballenger Square Educational Garden design input collected via Google JamBoard.

## Design Input: Ballenger Highway (Corner Lot Design)

When asked, "What do you like about the design?", participants noted they preferred the openness of the design, fencing, and round pathway. Participants also appreciated the different heights of the planting around the path.

When asked, "What needs to be added or removed to improve the design?", participants discussed they would prefer permanent paving or pavers on the trail if permitted. Participants also noted the gate along the fence should be removed due to concerns regarding vandalism. Some participants also commented that the design looked cluttered, even though it seemed open. Lastly, a few participants voiced they would like to see some seating added to the design.

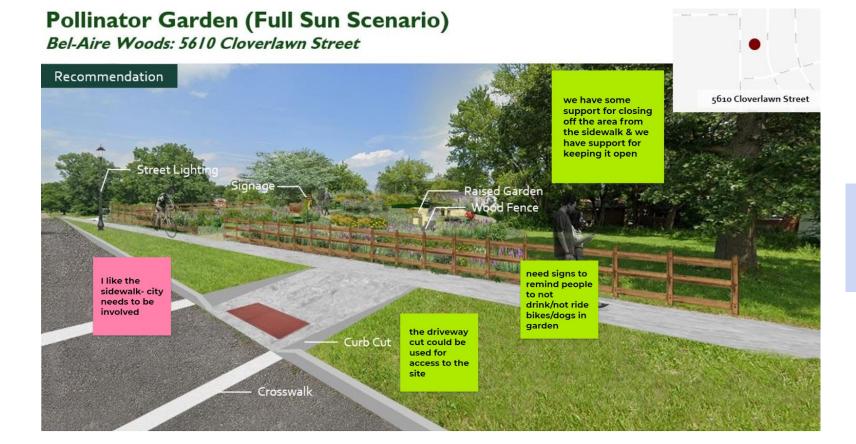


Screenshot of the Ballenger Highway Corner Lot Design input collected via Google JamBoard.

### Design Input: Bel-Aire Woods

When asked "What do you like about the design?", participants mentioned they like the sidewalk bordering the garden and the curb cut-out. Furthermore, a few participants supported the idea of no activities on the site due to liability concerns. Participants stated they liked the lot chosen for the rendering because the existing driveway can be used as an access point.

When asked "What needs to be added or removed to improve the design?", participants stated temporary signs should be added to the site listing the rules and responsibilities of garden visitors. For example, rules regarding bikes, food/drink, dog clean-up, etc. Moreover, some participants disagreed with previous comments regarding garden activities, stating passive activities should be included in the designs because it would promote neighborhood unity, socialization, and pride. A participant also mentioned the drive-way cannot be used as an access point because it is not ADA compliant like the curb cut shown in the rendering. Finally, participants suggested rainwater entrapment systems be added to aid in irrigating the site.



Screenshot of the Bel-Aire Woods Pollinator Garden design input collected via Google JamBoard.

### Design Input: Eastside Neighborhoods

When asked, "What do you like about the design?", participants liked the simple, wide-open, clear, garden design not intended for public interaction. Participants noted the design was nice to look at and appreciated the low maintenance, different/unique bushes, and shrubs. Several participants voiced they liked the simple, yet beautiful look of the lot.

When asked, "What needs to be added or removed to improve the design?", participants discussed they wanted a birdbath added near the bee box. They also repeated their concerns about the gate and requested it be removed. Furthermore, participants noted the neighborhood welcome signage should be moved to the corner of the fence (where the people are currently standing). Participants also mentioned their general concerns about the maintenance of various plantings.

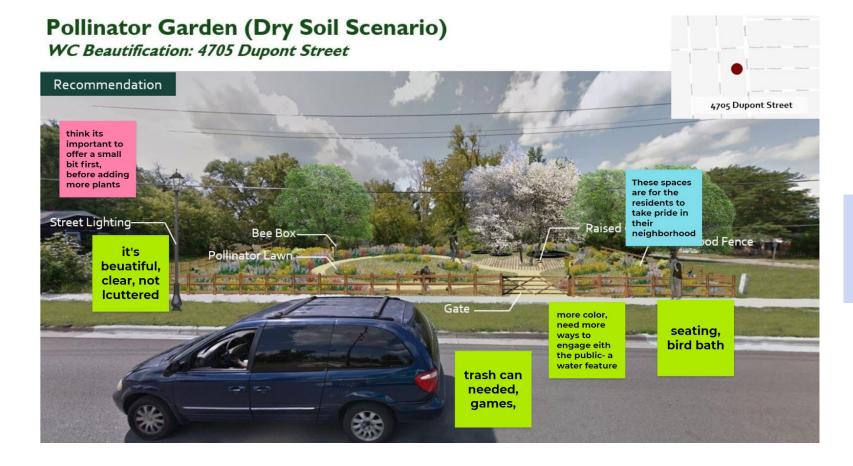


Screenshot of the Eastern Neighborhoods design input collected via Google JamBoard.

### Design Input: WC's Beautification

When asked, "What do like about the design?", participants responded supporting the clean, openness of the garden and the fencing.

When asked, "What needs to be added or removed to improve the design?", and participants responded they would like to see more colorful flowers, trash receptacles, and games to keep the garden clean and engaging. The idea of a water feature was also briefly mentioned. Furthermore, participants requested seating and a birdbath be added to the current design. There was a general consensus that starting small and adding more plants and amenities over time would be the most appropriate method for Clean and Green groups to approach designing their own gardens.



Screenshot of the WC's Beautification Pollinator Garden design input collected via Google JamBoard.

## Community Input

## Meeting Three: Recommendations

The third and final Flint Pollinator Project Meeting held on June 4, 2021, via Zoom. The goal of the third meeting was for the MSU team to present their final planning and design recommendations and receive any final feedback.

During the meeting, participants were asked to respond to two prompts:

- I. Which one recommendation presented today would you most like to see implemented?
- 2. What do you think of the designs presented today?

Overall, many of the comments during the meeting regarded funding sources and liability issues that may arise during the implementation component of project. However, there were also a few comments from Clean & Green members in response to fencing and pathway options. The Land Bank and the Clean & Green members stated their concerns regarding the liability of dumping and fence maintenance.

More specific details on the comments received during the meeting are presented on the following page and in Section C of the Appendix.

Welcome to the Flint Pollinator Project

Meeting 3
June 4, 2021
3:00 PM

Please identify yourself and your neighborhood/group in the chat! We will be getting started shortly.



Screenshot of the Meeting Three welcome slide as presented over Zoom.

## Meeting Three: Recommendation Feedback\*

#### Q: Can we do fencing?

A: Would need to get a permit for fencing from the city. The fence permit is about \$200. Insurance companies think that fencing is a good idea so it wouldn't be a liability concern.

#### Q: How do we do pathways?

A: Don't use anything permanent, but gravel, compressed sand, or mulch are all great options. Natural pathways are better for maintenance and at deterring people from entering the site.

#### Q: Can we use pea rocks for the pathways?

A: Yes, at the end of the day, the pathway material just has to be removeable.

#### Q: Do we have to choose pollinator sites that are on a corner?

A: No, the corner lot designs presented are merely suggestions based on feedback received during previous meetings where the MSU team heard that corner lots might be preferred by Clean & Green members. Another positive about choosing corner lots is that they are always visible.

### Q: Will the number of benches we install make the liability insurance cost increase?

A: No, the number of benches does not matter as long as there are no jungle gyms or other climbable things installed.

## Q: Can we go directly to MSU to ask questions, or do we have to go through the Land Bank?

A: The MSU team is involved as a consultant on this project so they won't be as active and hands-on in the long-term, but the Land Bank will serve as the point resource in the long run. The Conservation District is another good resource.

#### Q: Can we get drawings of this?

A: Yes, the MSU team will provide a digital and hard copy of the report within a month.

#### Q: Did you consider the overlap of pollinator seasons?

A: In general, yes, but it is impossible for pollinator food sources to grow during the winter months in Michigan.

\*Responses provided by the Genesee County Land bank. More detailed comments can be found in the Appendix C.



## Planning & Design Recommendations

## Planning & Design Goals

These recommendations are framed around four key community goals which are intended to contribute to the vitality and vacant lot reuse of the urban pollinator target area.

The four community goals are: Revitalization, Safety, Placemaking, and Sustainability. Planning recommendations have been developed for each.



## Planning & Design Goals:



**.**■ Revitalization



\* Safety



**鸓 Placemaking** 



**Sustainability** 



## Goals and Objectives



#### REVITALIZATION

- to revitalize the target area by redefining the usage of vacant lots to improve the quality of life for residents.
- Restore and create habitats for native pollinators to be able to thrive
- Protect human health and the environment
- Return abandoned lots to natural environments



#### **PLACEMAKING**

- to use features of the built environment to encourage passive engagement, health, safety, and to enhance a sense of place
- Enhance a sense of community by introducing pollinator gardens
- Introduce design amenities throughout the garden (benches, streetlight, etc.)
- Use placemaking to beautify the space and deter dumping and illegal activities



#### SAFETY

- to improve overall safety for the community.
- Implement traffic calming by using rain gardens and medians to separate pedestrians from vehicles
- Create clear visibility through low planting heights and illumination
- Provide snow storage by leaving room for snowplow during the winter season



#### SUSTAINABILITY

- to encourage sustainable development considering ecological, social and economic aspects
- Encourage native pollinators (birds, bees, butterflies, insects) through planting a diverse range of native plants
- Implement low maintenance design to support water conservation and reduce fertilizer pollution
- Install stormwater management infrastructure to lower the total amount of runoff from impervious surfaces

#### **Plant Selection**

#### Addressed Goals

#### Recommendations





Consult MSU Extension's <u>"Creating and maintaining pollinator friendly habitat"</u> blog for more information about how to ensure the longevity and vitality of a pollinator garden.





Plant flowers, trees, and shrubs native to Michigan and the Southern Lower Peninsula specifically to ensure habitat diversity, resilience, and vitality.





Consult with the MSU Department of Entomology's Native Plants and Ecosystem Services <u>Plant Selection</u> Guide for more information about native plants and pollinators in the Southern Lower Peninsula.





Use plants with a variety of blooming seasons to ensure pollinators will have a food source for multiple seasons.



Ensure a diversity of native plants are implemented in order to ensure pollinators have a range of food sources from which to select.









#### Installation

#### Addressed Goals

#### Recommendations







Be creative! Many amenities can be DIY and still look great. Use lots of bright colors to really make the space stand out in the neighborhood and have fun with designs.





Incorporate local art features, such as a pathway mural, to invite community members into the garden while drawing attention to local artists' talent.







Reduce the use of impervious surfaces, such as concrete and asphalt, in pollinator gardens to mitigate water run-off.





Select plants that require little to no maintenance after the plants are established.



Strategically use plants that are best suited for the soil and sun conditions specific to the lot.





Install barriers like split rail fencing, posts, or boulders to prevent illegal dumping, driving on the lot, and parking.









#### **Neighborhood Vitality**

#### **Addressed Goals**

#### Recommendations





Provide educational opportunities for local youth.





Support pollinators that help to support local food gardens and increase yields.





Strengthen community ties and connections.







Transform a vacant space and create a beautiful site for local residents to enjoy.







Involve neighbors to assist in maintenance and installation.









#### **Seeking Funding & Assistance**

#### Addressed Goals

#### Recommendations



Involve neighbors and community members in addition to Clean & Green groups in the planning and fundraising for pollinator garden implementation.









Seek funding from local and state sources such as the C.S. Mott Foundation, The Community Foundation of Greater Flint, or the Michigan State Housing Development Authority's Neighborhood Enhancement Program.









Seek out community groups that may allow Clean & Green members to borrow or rent gardening tools and/or borrow gardening tools from the Neighborhood Engagement Hub.









Connect with the Genesee County Conservation District and/or Ruth Mott Applewood for technical assistance and funding opportunities.









Seek additional funding from national programs or private organizations to support this work. Apply for multiple grants for better chances to secure funding each year. Multiple grants can be used in tandem for each phase.









Use the final report for this project as a template for grant applications and send the PDF copy of the report with grant applications. This can help to increase the chances of securing funding.









#### Leasing and Liability Insurance

#### Addressed Goals

#### Recommendations



If your group has yet to apply to lease the lots, do so as soon as possible to ensure those lots are in the Land Bank Database as leased.



Have all that participate in installation, plantings and/or ongoing maintenance, sign a liability release and submit those to the Land Bank office prior to starting work.



Passive installations and amenities do not need liability insurance but all project participants must sign a liability waiver.



Seek liability insurance if your group plans to hold public events on the site or if your group decides to open the lot up for public use by installing benches or other public use amenities.



Call the Land Bank with any questions about liability insurance.



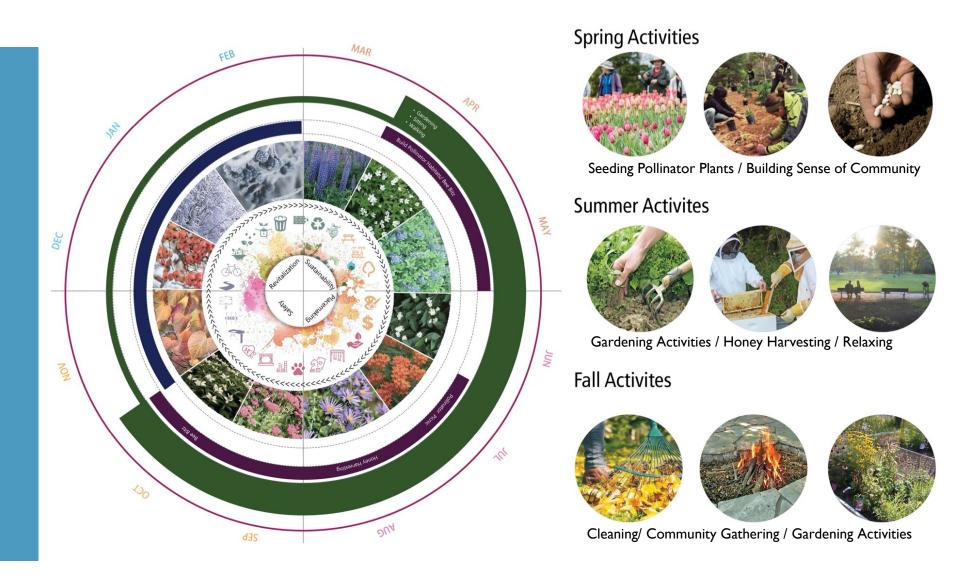






## **Seasonal Design Activities**

The full calendar is divided into spring, summer and fall and diverse activities are suggested that can be performed in the pollinator garden during those seasons. These activities will help to keep the garden area active and vibrant throughout the year.

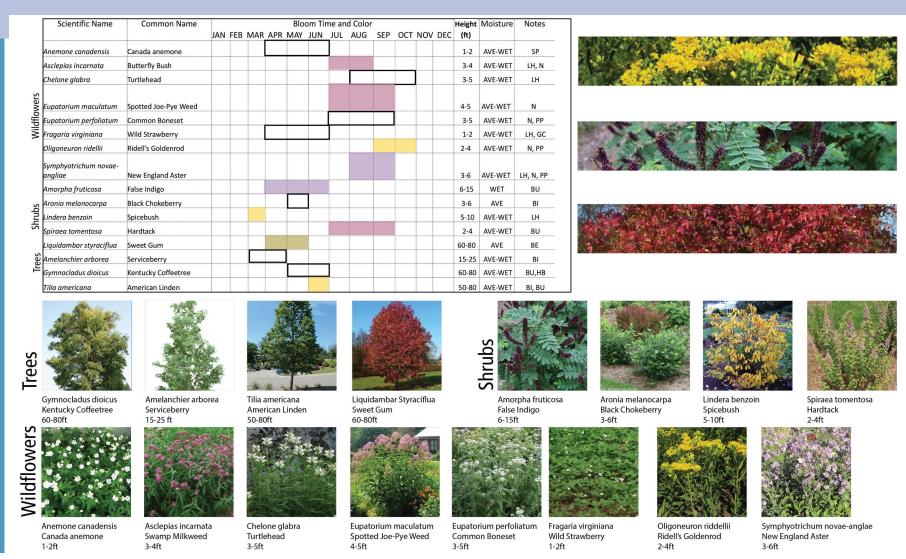




## **Plant Selection**

#### **Plant Selection: Wet Soil Scenario**

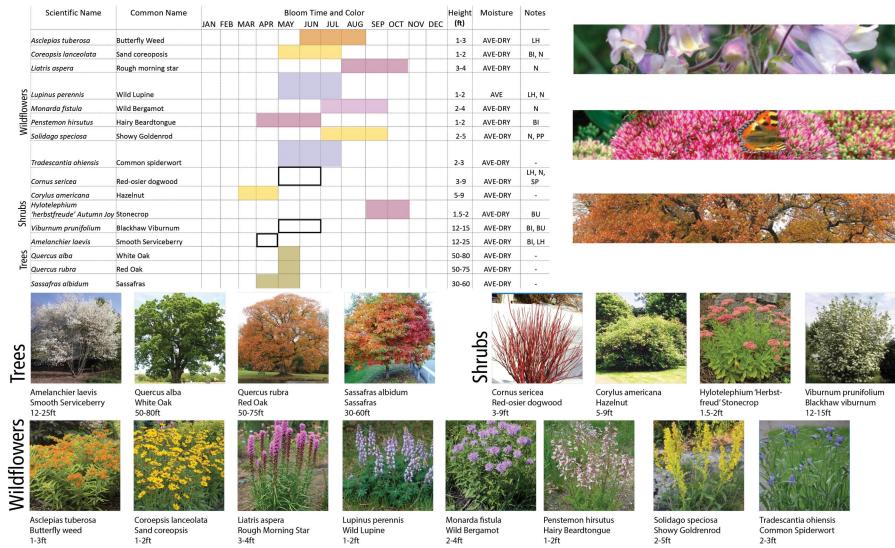
A list of trees, shrubs and wildflowers are given below which grow and thrive in wet soil. A few specific characteristics of the plants such as bloom time, color, height and moisture requirement are also provided in the following chart\*. Further details can be found at: <a href="https://pollinators.msu.edu/resources/pollinator-planting/pollinator-gardens/">https://pollinators.msu.edu/resources/pollinator-planting/pollinator-gardens/</a>



\*The color boxes in the table represent the blooming time and color of each plant.

## **Plant Selection: Dry Soil Scenario**

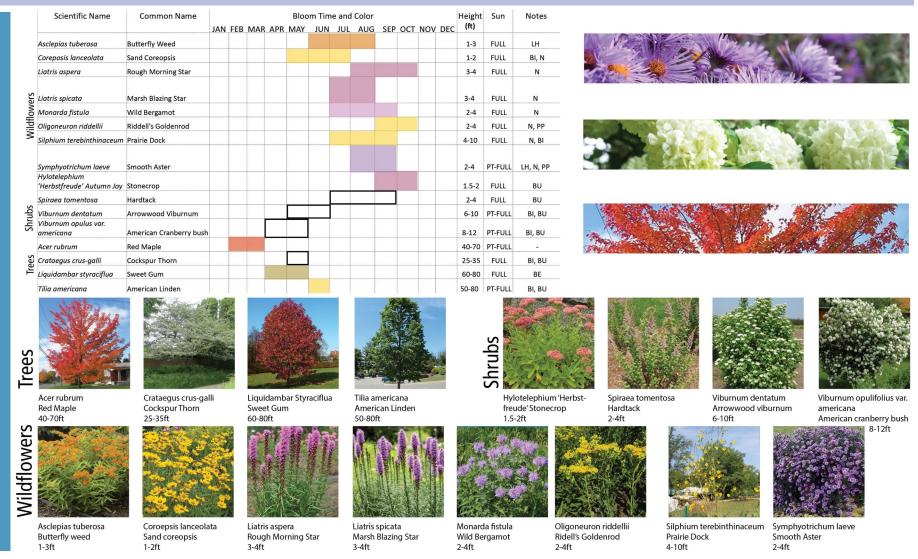
A list of trees, shrubs and wildflowers are given below which grow and thrive in dry soil. A few specific characteristics of the plants such as bloom time, color, height and moisture requirement are also provided in the following chart\*. Further details can be found at: <a href="https://pollinators.msu.edu/resources/pollinator-planting/pollinator-gardens/">https://pollinators.msu.edu/resources/pollinator-planting/pollinator-gardens/</a>



\*The color boxes in the table represent the blooming time and color of each plant.

#### **Plant Selection: Full Sun Conditions**

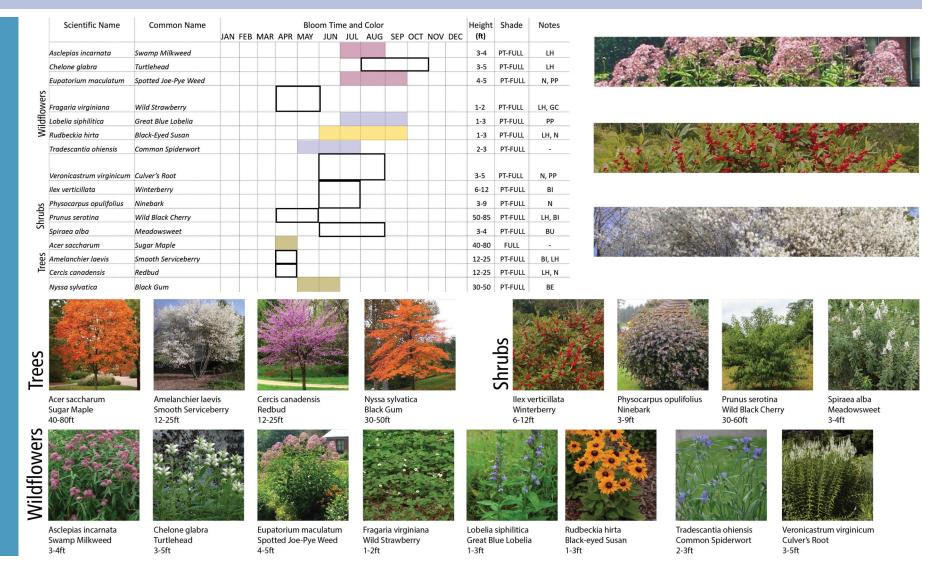
A list of trees, shrubs and wildflowers are given below which grow and thrive in full sun condition. A few specific characteristics of the plants such as bloom time, color, height and moisture requirement are also provided in the following chart\*. Further details can be found at: <a href="https://pollinators.msu.edu/resources/pollinator-gardens/">https://pollinators.msu.edu/resources/pollinator-gardens/</a>



\*The color boxes in the table represent the blooming time and color of each plant.

#### Plant Selection: Full and Partial Shade Condition

A list of trees, shrubs and wildflowers are given below which grow and thrive in full and partial shade condition. A few specific characteristics of the plants such as bloom time, color, height and moisture requirement are also provided in the following chart\*. Further details can be found at: <a href="https://pollinators.msu.edu/resources/pollinator-planting/pollinator-gardens/">https://pollinators.msu.edu/resources/pollinator-planting/pollinator-gardens/</a>



<sup>\*</sup>The color boxes in the table represent the blooming time and color of each plant.

# Design Themes & Locations

The design recommendations are segmented into five potential lot designs. These lots were identified by the Genesee County Land Bank members and are defined by their unique built environment characteristics, including primary land uses and potential reuse.



## Education Garden (Wet Soil Scenario)

#### **Ballenger Square Community Association: I 209 N Chevrolet Avenue**



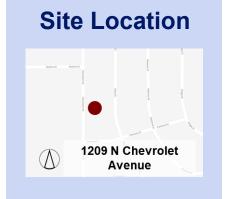






## Education Garden (Wet Soil Scenario)

**Ballenger Square Community Association: I 209 N Chevrolet Avenue** 











## Corner Lot Design (Full Sun Scenario)

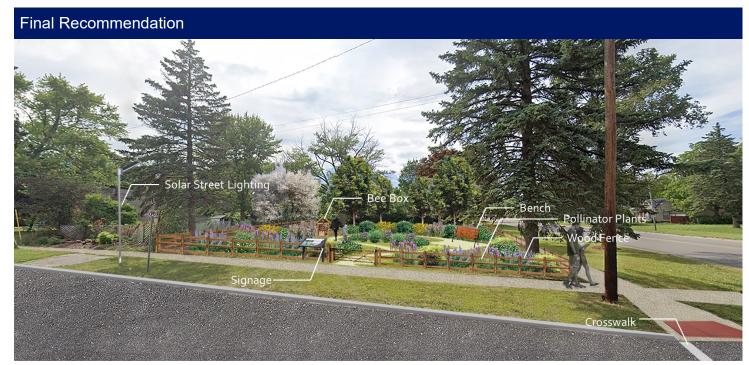
Ballenger Highway Neighborhood Association: 2313 Welch Boulevard











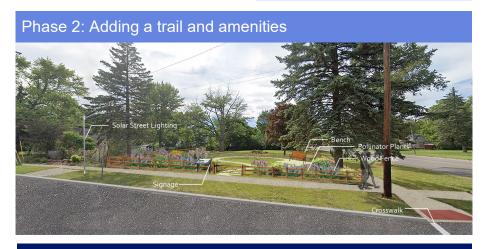
## Corner Lot Design (Full Sun Scenario)

**Ballenger Highway Neighborhood Association: 2313 Welch Boulevard** 





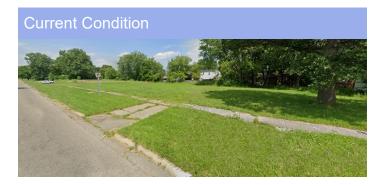






## Pollinator Garden (Full Sun Scenario)

#### **Bel-Aire Woods Association: 5610 Cloverlawn Street**









## Pollinator Garden (Full Sun Scenario)

**Bel-Aire Woods Association: 5610 Cloverlawn Street** 











## Eastside Neighborhoods (Partial Shade/Sun Scenario)

#### Grace Community Christian Fellowship: 1335 Lewis Street



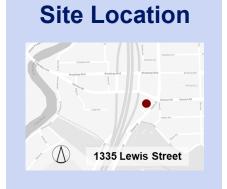




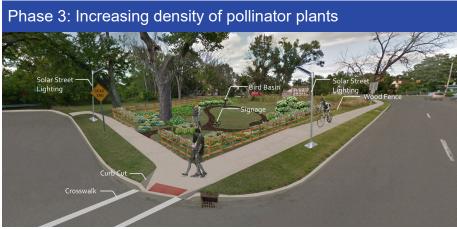


### Eastside Neighborhoods (Partial Shade/Sun Scenario)

#### Grace Community Christian Fellowship: 1335 Lewis Street









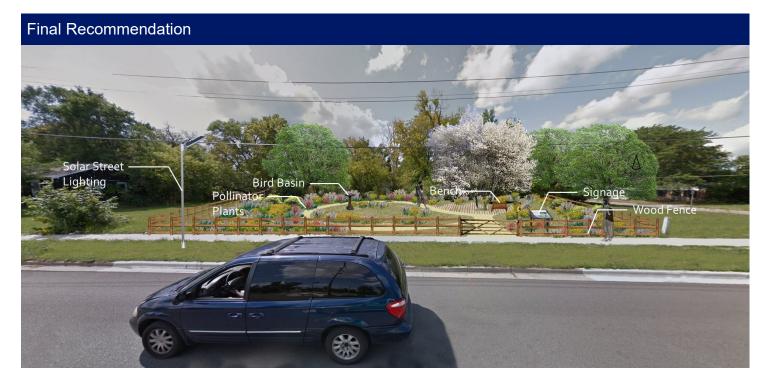


## Corner Lot Design (Dry Soil Scenario)

#### WC's Beautification Project: 4705 Dupont Street









## Corner Lot Design (Dry Soil Scenario)

WC's Beautification Project: 4705 Dupont Street













# Appendix A: Meeting One Visioning Full Input

At Meeting One, residents provided input to develop a vision for pollinator gardens within the City of Flint. Participants were asked five questions, which they discussed in breakout rooms via Zoom, and then reported out.

What do you like about what you heard concerning pollinator gardens?	Count
Excellent idea, enjoyed program	2
Nice signage and benches in pictures	1
Want park usable for everyone, young people could maintain park	1
Wondered if going away from rain gardens	1
Pollinator gardens are a good idea	1
Gets people to learn about pollinators	1
Decorating with barriers is good idea to prevent dumping	1
See focus on beautification aspects gardens can provide	1

What are your concerns about pollinator gardens?	Count
Maintenance—Who waters plants and manages area?	1
Space and amenities should be places of peace and quiet	1
Inclusivity for meetings	1
Understanding practicality of project	1
Nervous about people's respect for signage (vandalization, graffiti)	1
Make sure children are involved in creating and maintaining of gardens	1
Fear some pollinator types and animals are dangerous to children (e.g., bees, snakes)	1

What kinds of activities would you like to see on the pollinator garden sites?	Count
Annual events in park where community can gather and socialize	2
Youth activities (e.g., youth talent show)	1
Place for native bees	1
Having younger kids get involved	1
Educational activities	1
Bring people together with benches	1
Good for public health	1
Gardens source of encouragement for upliftment/community empowerment	1
Pollinator gardens can serve as conversation piece, bring people together	1
Strengthens community ties	1

# Appendix A: Meeting One Visioning Full Input

What would improve the sense of place (e.g., live, work, play) on pollinator sites in the neighborhood?	Count
Having someone teach members of the community how to maintain landscaping	1
Consider there may not be water source to water plants	1
Something needs to help make them stand out and look intentional (e.g. make them colorful)	1
Understand the purpose they serve	1
Placement needs to be more dense and intentional (more land area, not just vacant lot)	1
Most important: benches	1
Adding amenities that bring people together for quiet/ passive activities	1

Do you have any recommendations that weren't previously discussed?	Count
Distribution of 1-page informational hard copy throughout community	1
Rain garden concept	1
Signage could be more central and education-based	1
Areas around abandoned schools could be nice sites	1
Bat houses	1
Bringing vacant lots to life though beautification	1
Liked stone barriers most, more organic looking and inhibit dumping	1
Dislike idea of using fences due to safety concerns about kids jumping fence	1
Mix of both small and large signage	1
Low barriers will help deter dumping	1
Want city to look more "lived in"	1

# Appendix B: Meeting Two Design Full Feedback

During the second meeting, participants provided feedback to three question prompts regarding their likes, concerns, and improvement ideas. The full response counts are shown below.

What do you like about the designs presented today?	
Theme	Count
Nice designs	6
Not cluttered looking	4
Streetlights	2
Fencing	2
Beautiful trees	1
Love idea of education garden	1
Solar lighting	1
Like bee box	1
Openness of designs	1
Round pathway	1
Sidewalk	1
Good for site in neighborhood	1
Bushes/shrubs	1

to improve the design?	
Theme	Count
Maintenance	5
Signage	4
Used as passive sites	3
Change seating	2
Cluttered	2
Need bird bath	2
Vandalization prevention	2
Dumping concerns	2
Trash cans	2
Used as active sites	2
Cameras	1
Change lighting	1
Bushes too high	1

Issues with gates	1
No fence	1
More open	1
Ground cover better toward corners	1
Rain water entrapment systems	1
Curb cut ADA issue	1
Gates	1
Concrete/steal trash cans	1
Less is more	1
Bird bath	1
More colorful flowers	1
Water fountain	1
Insurance concerns	1

## Appendix C: Meeting Three Recommendations

At Meeting Three, participants were asked: Which one recommendation would you most like to see implemented? The complete responses are below. "C" denotes a general comment. "Q" denotes a question asked by a participant to MSU and Genesee County Land Bank staff. "R" denotes the response given by MSU and Genesee County Land Bank staff to participant questions.

C: Frankenmuth Insurance is a really good fit.	R: Yes, anything that would invite people on the lot (not signs, but benche or games) would make the liability insurance kick-in.	
C: Looking for information about fencing. Looked at English Style Picket fences. Helps people not ride bikes or dump on the site. Only concern is ADA compliance.	Q: I have a problem with the liability insurance because I can see how people would take advantage of it.	
R: Don't have to worry about ADA unless you want the garden to be publicly accessible. Would need to get a permit for fencing from the	R: If we (the Flint Land Bank) did not require liability insurance, the liability would fall back on the City, which isn't an option.	
City.	C: Liability forms at the site won't work because it would be incredibly difficult to	
Q: We were looking at three lots. Do we need to keep it to one lot?	ensure that everyone that visits the site fills one out.	
R: No, you can do as many as you want. Beautification is the goal.  Take on as much as your group wants to do/can handle.	Q: Do we have to choose pollinator sites that are on a corner?	
Q: Can we do fencing?	R: No, the corner lot designs presented are merely suggestions based on feedback received during previous meetings where the MSU team	
R: The fence permit is about \$200. Insurance companies think that fencing is a good idea so it wouldn't be a liability concern.	heard that corner lots might be preferred by Clean & Green members.  Another positive about choosing corner lots is that they are always visible.	
R: Would be in the lease with the property. Not an issue. May even be able to get assistance digging post holes.	Q: Will we be doing this process again next year?	
R: Using posts or boulders don't require a City permit but there are	R: No, this is a one-time deal.	
other barrier options.	C: I wish we would have had the meetings a bit sooner because it's planning	
Q: How do we do pathways?	season now and we can't really use the design suggestions. We learned that the native plants died on one lot, but if we do another lot, we now know that	
R: Don't use anything permanent, but gravel, compressed sand, or mulch are all great options. Natural pathways are better for maintenance and at deterring people from entering the site.	we need to hand water the native plants so that they come back. On our third project, we did the landscaping, but we don't know how much the liability insurance will be because we involved students at the nearby school, and we want it to be a reading nook for the school kids with local artwork.	
Q: Can we use pea rocks for the pathways?	R: The Land Bank is looking into working with non-profits to sponsor lots	
R: Yes, at the end of the day, the pathway material just has to be removeable.	so that neighborhood groups only have minimal or no cost for insurance.	
Q: Does the liability come into play when you put benches and games on the lot?	Q: Will the number of benches we install make the liability insurance cost increase?	

## Appendix C: Meeting Three Recommendations (cont.)

- R: No, the number of benches does not matter as long as there are no jungle gyms or other climbable things installed.
- Q: Can we go directly to MSU to ask questions, or do we have to go through the Land Bank?
  - R: The MSU team is involved as a consultant on this project so they won't be as active and hands-on in the long-term, but the Land Bank will serve as the point resource in the long run. The Conservation District is another good resource.
- Q: You say non-profit organization. What is the difference between a non-profit, a church, and a block club?
  - R: Non-profits and churches already have insurance policies so the cost for added insurance for something like one of these sites would be much less to them. In those cases, the lease may be in the non-profit's name rather than the neighborhood group. Churches may be a good resource if they are in the area.
- Q: Can we get drawings of this?
  - R: Yes, the MSU team will provide a digital and hard copy of the report.
- C: Eric Johnson Insurance is great.
- C: We are changing the design that you presented for Chevrolet Avenue. It will spread to three lots.
- Q: Did you consider the overlap of pollinator seasons?
  - R: In general, yes, but it is impossible for pollinator food sources to grow during the winter months in Michigan.
- Q: Where do we go next on this?
  - R: If your group hasn't done a lease application yet, that would be the next step. Then, talk to Raynetta about planning and budgeting. Next, you would start lot prep.

C: I thank you all for all of the hard work you have done to help us have beautiful spaces in our neighborhoods. We are also using children to maintain our spaces (BSCA youth initiative).