Water and Economic Development in Indiana

Michiana Irrigation Association Meeting

December 15, 2014

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Questions

- Where do we have water?
- How are we using water?
- Is current and future use sustainable?
- Why is this a concern for Indiana?
- What are other states doing?
- Does this affect the interests of the Michiana Irrigators Association?

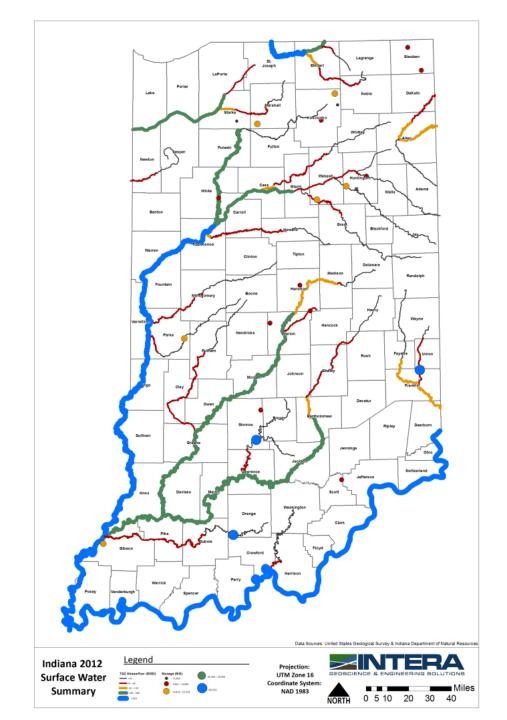
The Geography of the Resource

WHERE DO WE HAVE WATER?

Available Surface Water

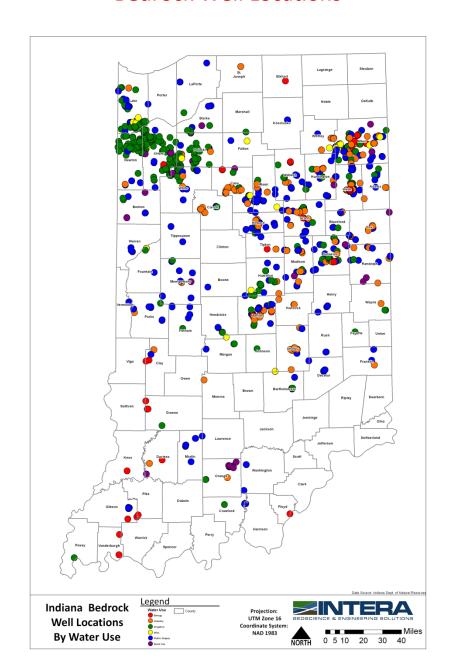
7Q2 - Stream Flows - major streams

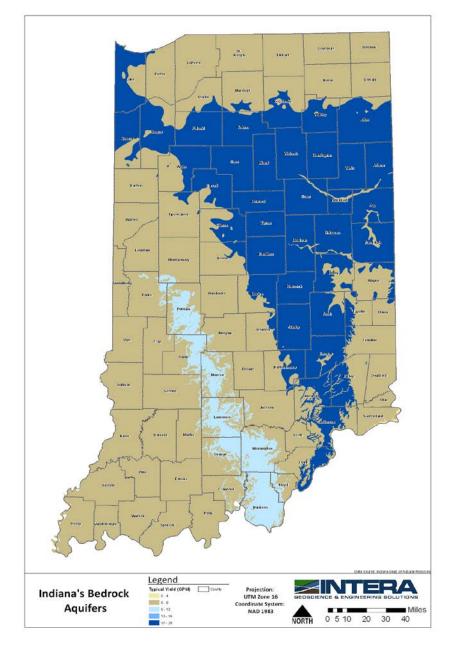
Reservoir Storage (dots)



Bedrock Well Locations

Bedrock Aquifers

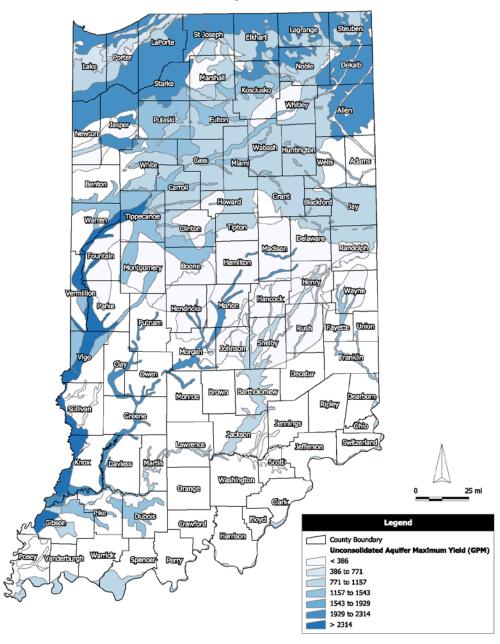




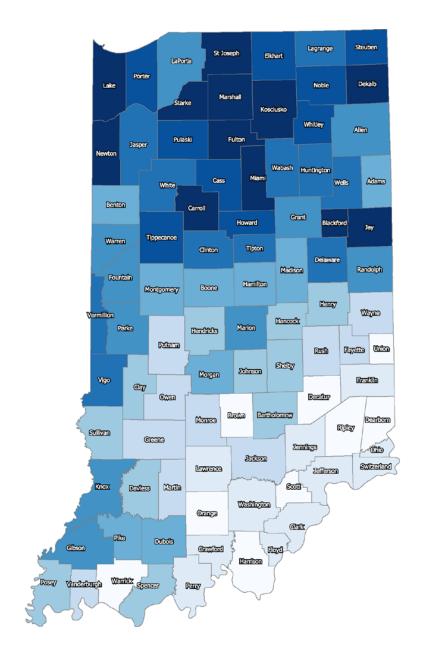
Maximum Yield from Unconsolidated Aquifers

For individual wells

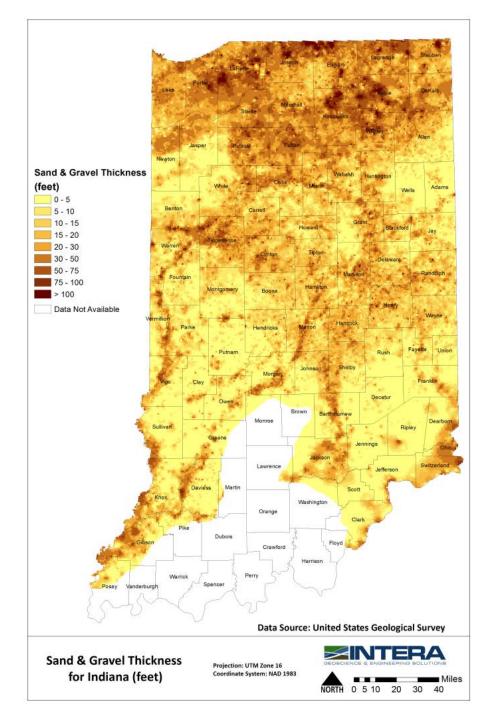
Unconsolidated Aquifer Maximum Yield



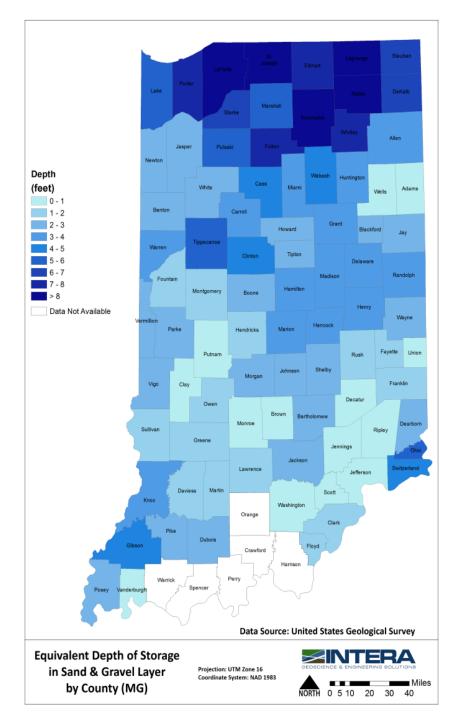
Groundwater availability in unconsolidated aquifers



Estimated Groundwater Storage



Equivalent Depth of Groundwater Storage by County



Where are we using water and for what purpose?

HOW ARE WE USING WATER?

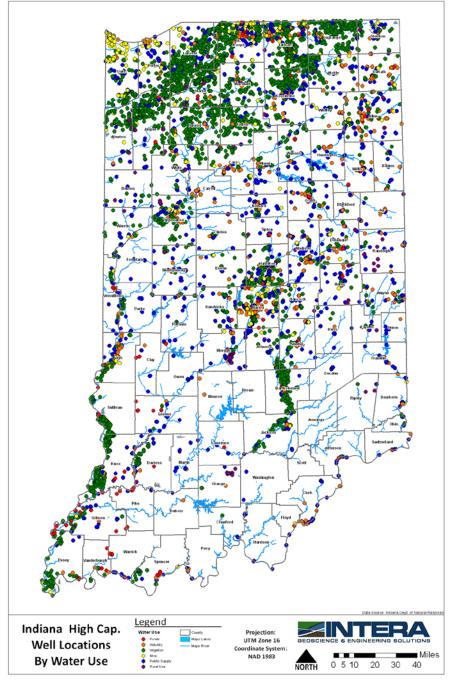
Groundwater Users

Agriculture

Industrial

Public Supply

Mining and Power



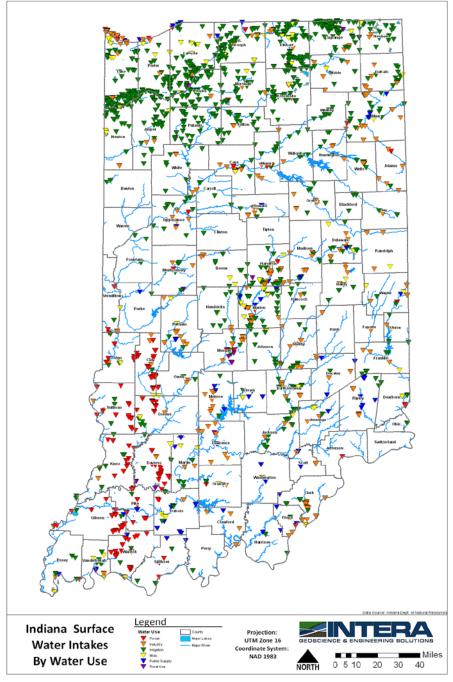
Surface Water Users

Agriculture

Industrial

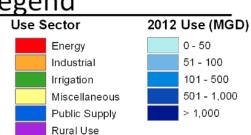
Public Supply

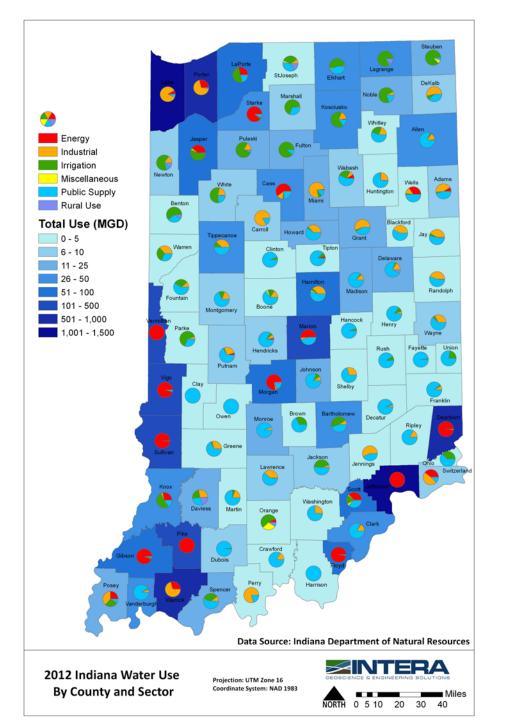
Mining and Power



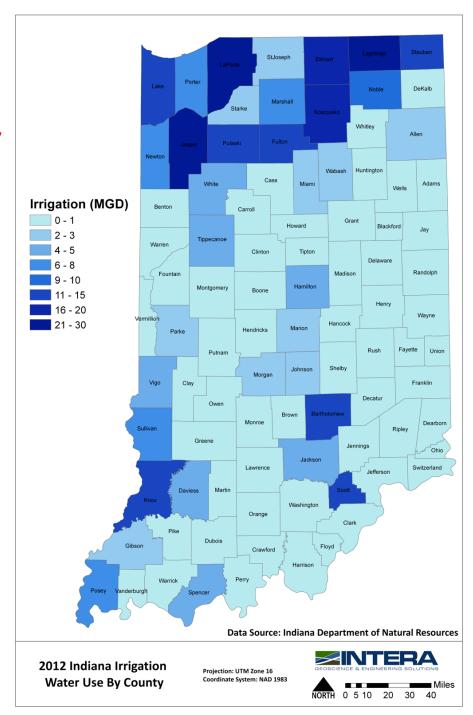
Total Water Use by County

Legend





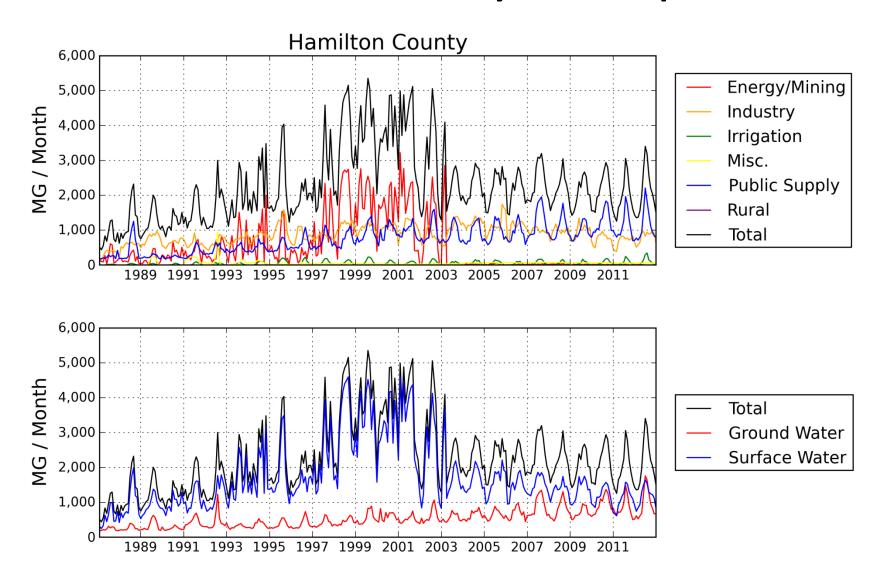
Irrigation Water Use by County



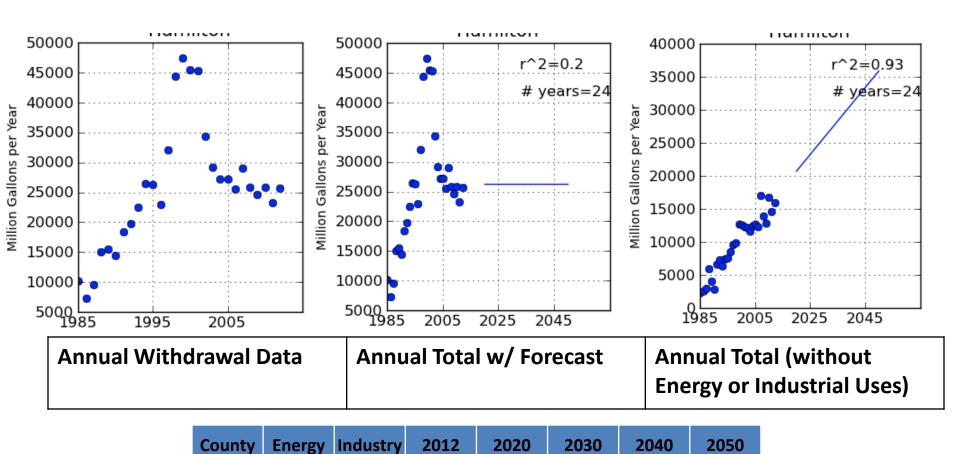
How much will we need where?

FORECASTING FUTURE USE

Hamilton County Example



Hamilton



*values	are i	in	Million	Gallons	per Year
values	are	Ш	IVIIIIIOII	Gallons	per rear

28,000

33,000

38,000

43,000

48,000

Hamilton

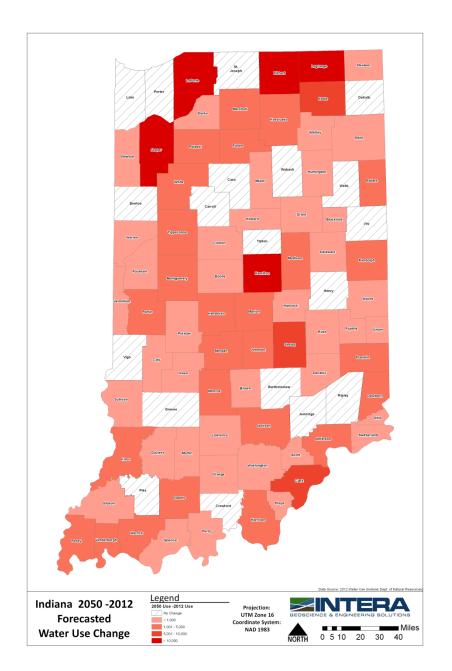
1,000

11,000

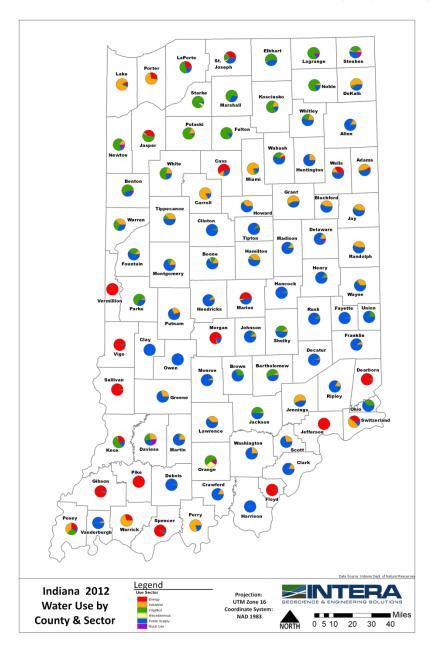
2050 Water Demand MG/yr

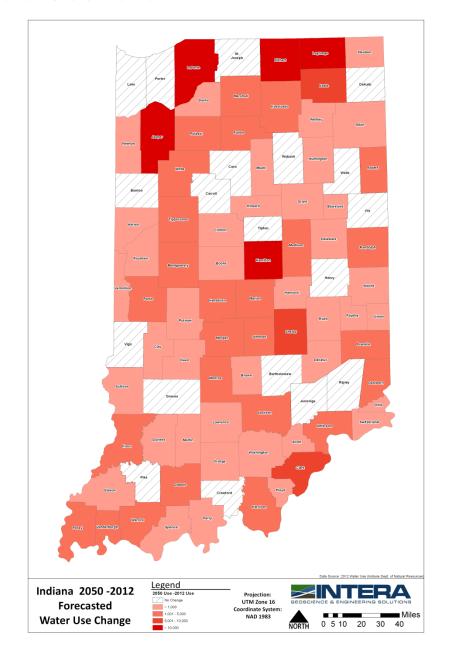
2050 Use -2012 Use





What drives future demand?

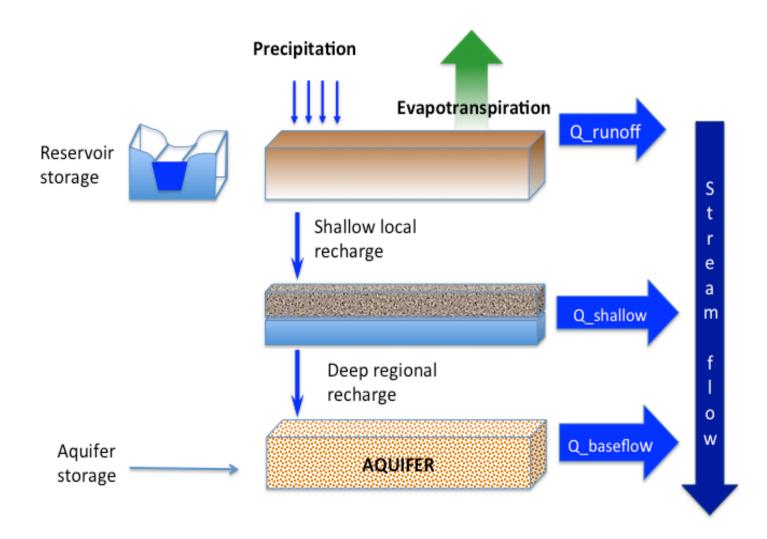




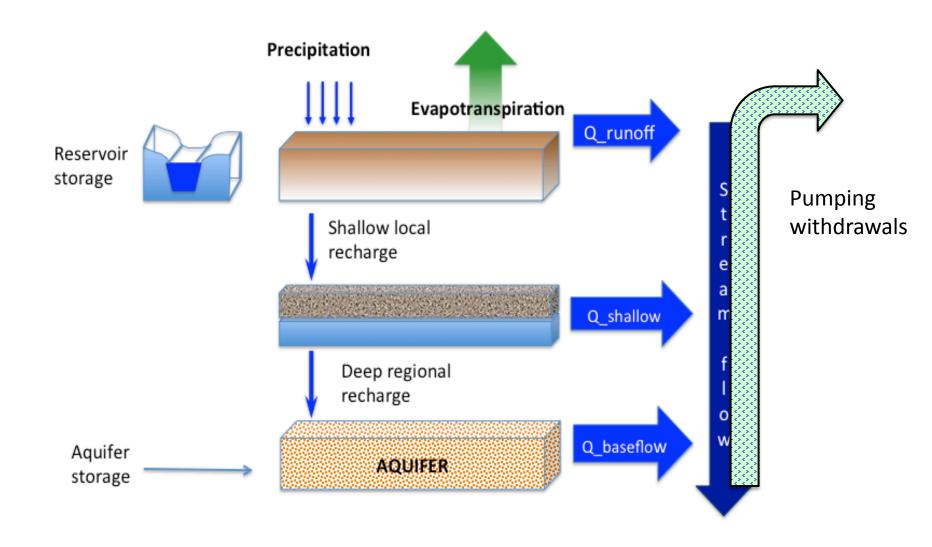
Are we using more than is available?

IS WATER USE SUSTAINABLE?

WATER AVAILABILITY



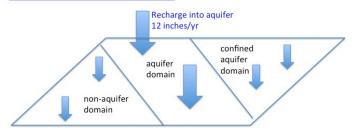
WATER AVAILABILITY

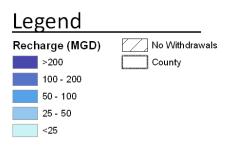


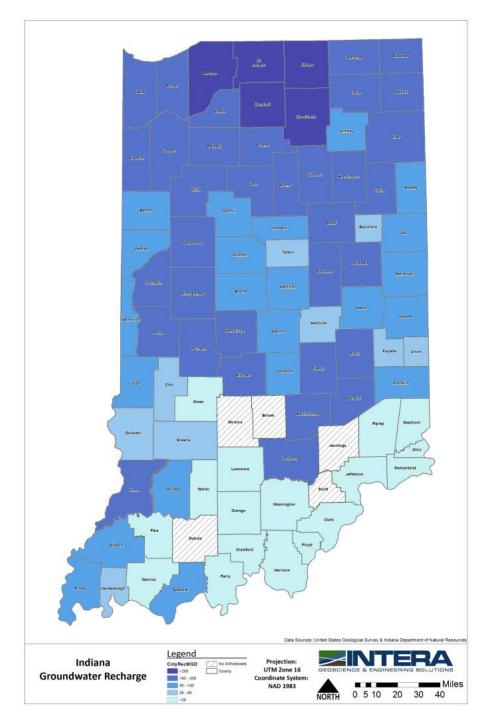
GW Recharge Map

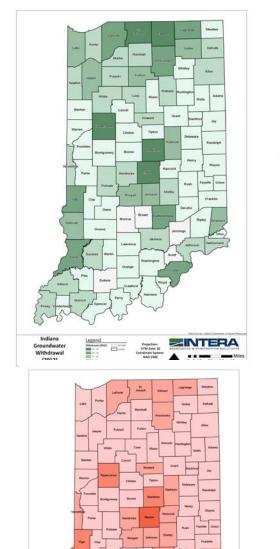
County regional recharge rate estimation

North – confined aquifer = 0.5 aquifer Middle – confined aquifer = 0.25 aquifer South – confined aquifer = 0.1 aquifer Non-aquifer = 0.05 aquifer



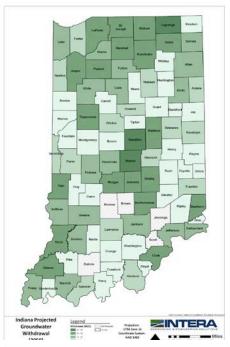






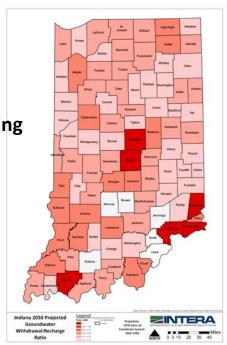
2014

Withdrawals

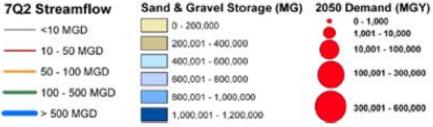


2050

Recharge/ Future pumping







Is this a problem?

WHY SHOULD WE CARE?

Rosaen, Alex L. 2014. Innovating for the Blue Economy: Water Research at the URC. Commissioned by the University Research Corridor. Report by the Anderson Economic Group, May, 2014. 38 p.

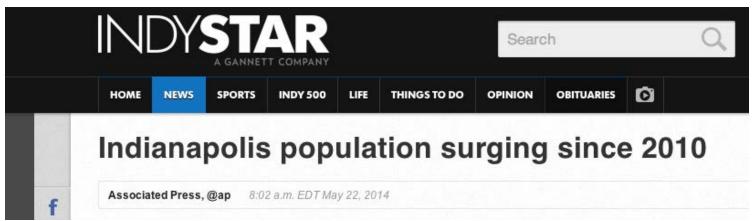
WHAT ARE OTHER STATES DOING?

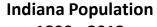
	2013 Population	2012 GDP	Funding Source and Amount	Responsibility	GDP growth
Texas drought	26,060,000	\$1.397 T	 \$539 M Conservation fees Utility water sales tax Water rights fees New development impact fee 	TWDB	4.8%
Minnesota impacts	5,380,000	\$295 B	\$60 M0.125% sales taxClean Water Fund	University Existing Agencies	3.5%
Florida impacts storms	19,310,000	\$777 B	 \$1 B ad valorem taxes state appropriations (~3,000 employees) 	Water Management Districts	2.4%
West Virginia <u>quality</u>	1,850,000	\$69 B	 \$200 K no state funding anticipated (~5 people federally funded) 	WV DEP	3.3 %
Kentucky drought	4,395,000	\$173 B	 \$1 M water shortage response plans (county scale) 	KY DNR Infrastructure Authority	3.4%
Virginia impacts	8,185,000	\$446 B	 \$2 M state appropriations (~15 employees) 	VA DEQ	1.1%
Georgia impacts	9,992,000	\$374 B	\$10 Mstate funding of regions	GA EPD	2.1 %
Indiana	6,570,000	\$298 B	• none		3.3%

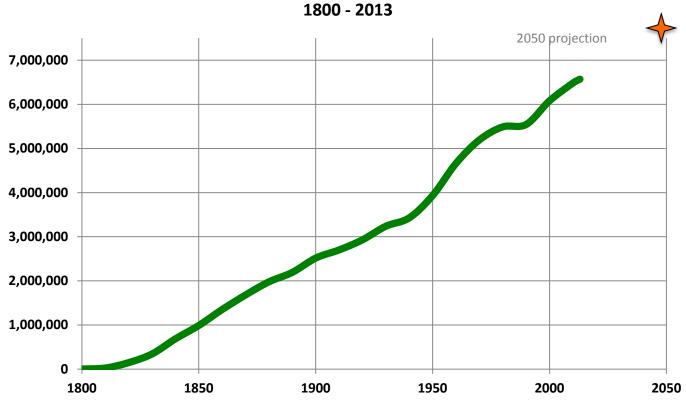
Why worry about water resources?

Growth

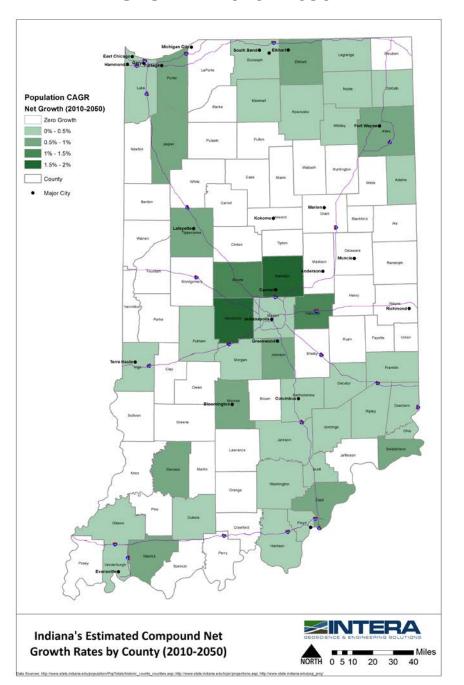
- Municipalities
- Manufacturing
- Agriculture







GROWTH 2010 - 2050



What about us?

DOES THIS AFFECT THE MICHIANA IRRIGATION ASSOCIATION?

Irrigation needs to be understood in order to plan and advocate.

- Create awareness for the need for Irrigation
- Develop methods and data to manage the aquifers
- Reduce conflict
- Identify possible impacts
- Time withdrawals

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