Ecologically-based IPM Package for greenhouse tomato production in Uzbekistan



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IPM packages deliver food security

For the past 5 years IPM CRSP researchers have been developing sets of agricultural practices for wheat and vegetable production in Central Asia. The anticipated outcome is improved plant health, reduced pesticide use, and a resulting increase in production and food security along with farmer income.

By partnering with scientists, educators, outreach specialists, and farmers in the region, the IPM CRSP is working to improve the livelihood and food security of people living in poverty in Tajikistan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan and the surrounding area. An IPM package is a set of practices and technologies that can be used in production to increase yield and reduce pesticide use. Key pests in protected culture are greenhouse whitefly, tomato russet mite, leafminers, spider mites, aphids, nematodes, bacterial spot, early blight, macrosporium leaf spot, late blight, damping-off, top rot of fruit, septoria blight, tobacco mosaic virus, potato virus–X, mild mosaic, cucumber mosaic virus I, single virus streak, stripe, and tospoviruses. Potential IPM practices to reduce these pest problems include:

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Soil or seed treatments

Soil or seed treatments with *Trichoderma* spp., *Pseudomonas fluorescens* or *Bacillus subtilis* help control soil borne fungal and bacterial diseases.

Grafting on resistant root stock Grafting on resistant root stock offers Fusarium disease control.

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Biological control

Parasitoids can be released in the greenhouse to control whiteflies, caterpillar pests and others. *Bacillus subtillis* is a good biological agent because of its stability to CA conditions.

Cultural control

Mulching in the crop conserves moisture and helps with disease control. Removing disease-infected plants stops further spread.

Monitoring for pests

Placing yellow sticky traps in the production area helps monitor for whiteflies and aphids and assist in control decisions. Pheromone traps can be used to monitor for tomato fruitworm.

For more information www.ipm.msu.edu/central-asia.htm







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