

An NGFN Webinar

FOOD HUB

BENCHMARKING STUDY 2014

September 25, 2014









Presentation Outline

Technical Orientation

Welcome / Introduction

Jeff Farbman

Wallace Center at Winrock International

Food Hub Benchmarking Questions and Answers Upcoming Opportunities, etc.









WALLACE CENTER AT WINROCK INTERNATIONAL

- Market based solutions to a 21st Century food system
- Work with multiple sectors business, philanthropy, government
- Healthy, Green, Affordable, Fair Food
- Scaling up Good Food





MANALE AND CONTERN



INROCE

NATIONAL GOC OD NETWORK: VISION







NATIONAL GOOD FOOD NETWORK: GOALS

Supply Meets Demand

• There is abundant good food (healthy, green, fair and affordable) to meet demands at the regional level.

Information Hub

• The National Good Food Network (NGFN) is the go to place for regional food systems stories, methods and outcomes.

Policy Change

 Policy makers are informed by the Data and Analysis and outcomes of the NGFN and have enacted laws or regulation which further the Network goals.

http://ngfn.org | contact@ngfn.org







Presentation Outline

Technical OrientationIntroduction

- Food Hub Benchmarking
 - Description, Motivation and Methods
 - Gary Matteson Farm Credit Council
 - Chad Gerencer Morse Marketing Connections, LLC
- Data and Analysis
 - Erin Pirro Farm Credit East
- Questions and AnswersUpcoming Opportunities, etc.



ATIONAL GOOD FOOD NETWORK







Food Hub Benchmarks

A collaboration of Farm Credit East, the Farm Credit Council, the Wallace Center and Morse Marketing Connections

"Regional Food Hub"

"A business or organization that actively manages the aggregation, distribution, and marketing of source-identified food products primarily from local and regional producers for the purpose of strengthening producer capacity and wholesale, retail, and institutional markets."

USDA/NGFN Food Hub Collaboration Working Definition

Why Food Hubs?

- Fill a critical gap in regional food systems
- 2013 Food Hub Benchmark
 - http://ngfn.org/resources/ngfn-cluster-calls/financialbenchmarks-for-food-hubs
- Positive impacts in their communities
- Continued learning
- Variations on a theme:
 - Farm to business
 - Farm to consumer
 - Hybrid model

Why Benchmarks?

- Benchmark projects in other segments of agriculture
 - Dairy Farms
 - Retail Agriculture
 - CSAs
 - Wineries
 - Greenhouses
- Lack of data on local food systems
- Need to understand the trends!
 - local food purchasing, building regional food systems
- Multiple organizational structures
 - For Profit, Non Profit, and Cooperative

What's a Benchmark?

- Collection of historical financial results and operational information from similar food hub businesses
- Comparison to peer group
- Analysis of information to identify range of performance
- Visual representation of the financial results of food hubs; not a business suggestion or consultation

Goals of a Benchmark

- Identify descriptive metrics of value in assessing performance
- Recognize different models for food hubs
- Compare food hub performance across business models
- Provide snapshot of sector from a financial standpoint
- Resource for improving profitability, thus sustainability
- Visualize capacity of sector

Methodology of the Study

- Food hubs volunteered to participate
- Confidentiality of the utmost importance
- Good Records, Data questions via survey
- Reviewed complete financials to ensure reconciled, accrual earnings

What goes into a benchmark?

- Good *accrual* financial records
- Operational information
 - Production measures
 - Safety ratings
 - Human resources practices
- Input from member businesses

Food Hub Benchmarks - Business Data

FARM CREDIT EAST

NGFN Food Hub Collaboration

Please answer all questions for the calendar year 2013

Name of Food Hub:	
1) What year was the food hub established?	
2) How many days per year is your food hub open for business?	
3) How big is your facility (square footage)?	
4) How many loading docks do you have?	
5) Is your Food Hub a 'Not-For-Profit' organization?	Yes or No
6) What do you consider 'local'? (From how many miles away?)	
7) From how far away do you source your products? (miles)	
8) Do you sell ONLY organic products?	Yes or No
9) Do you have a food safety certification requirement of your vendors?	Yes or No
10) Do your customers require your HUB to be food safety certified?	Yes or No
11) Do you grow any of your own produce?	Yes or No
12) Do you buy from your own incubator farmers?	Yes or No
13) How many miles were driven by the delivery fleet?	
14) Do you take ownership of the products you sell?	Yes or No
15) Can your customers order online?	Yes or No
16) How many vendors do you buy from?	
(A vendor is an outfit that you, the Food Hub, buy something from.)	
17) How many of these vendors are farmers?	
18) How much do you spend (\$) with your largest vendor?	
19) How much do you spend (\$) with your largest 10 vendors?	
20) Do you charge a membership fee to your vendors?	Yes or No
21) How many customers do you sell to?	
(A customer is an outfit that buys something from you, the Food Hub.)	
22) What are the \$ sales to your biggest customer?	
23) What are the \$ sales to your 10 largest customers?	
24) Do you charge a membership fee to your customers?	
25) What were your sales (\$) to:	
Restaurants and caterers	
Grocery/food stores	
Institutions (school, hospital, gov't)	
Your own direct retail	
Processors	
Other distributors	

Data Collection

- Confidential collection and analysis
- Benchmark data included:
 - Operational Data Questions
 - 12/31/13 and 12/31/12 Balance Sheets
 - 12/31/13 Profit & Loss Statement
 - 12/31/13 Statement of Cash Flows
- Second financial study of Food Hubs, but much more in-depth and 3x the number of participants
- Diverse product mix

Thank you again, Participants!

The study and its ultimate findings rely on the volunteer participation of our member food hubs.

Food Hubs: By the Numbers

Scope of Operations

	2013 (48 hubs)	2012 (18 hubs)
Average Age of Study Hubs	7 years	11 years
Average Revenue	\$2.83 million	\$1.65 million
Average Product Sales	\$2.53 million	
Average Enterprise Income	\$108,241	
Annual Operations (Days Open)	276	301
Facilities:		
Square Footage	6,936	9,018
Number of Loading Docks	2	2
Delivery Fleet – Annual Miles Driven	40,315	54,001

The Product

	2013 (48 hubs)	2012 (18 hubs)
Sourcing Distance (miles)	385	521
Strictly Organic	3%	20%
Grew Some of Own Product	23%	27%
Bought from Incubator Farmers	31%	33%

Organization and Operation

	2013 (48 hubs)	2012 (18 hubs)
"Not For Profit" status	38%	53%
Take ownership of product	72%	73%
Sales from In-House Processing	1%	<1%
Membership Fees Charged:		
To Vendors	28%	13%
To Customers	15%	20%

Sources of Revenue



89.04%

Net Product Sales

- Delivery/Brokering Fees
- Grants & Contributions
- Membership Fees
- Other Enterprise Income
 Miscellaneous Income

Financial Position

	2013 (48 hubs)	2012 (18 hubs)
Net Worth	68%	57%
Current Ratio	2.39:1	1.6:1
Blended Debt Term	23 years	14 years
Blended Effective Interest Rate	3.68%	1%
No term debt	22!	

What's everyone doing?

Employee Role	2013 FTE (48 hubs)	2012 FTE (18 hubs)
Production/Growing	0.8	0.5
Sales	1.3	0.9
Delivery/Distribution	2.0	2.1
Management	1.0	0.7
Office/IT	0.9	0.8
Marketing	.2	0.2
Volunteers	.4	
TOTAL	6.6	5.2
Number of W-2s issued	11	10

Food Hub Customers

	2013 (48 hubs)	2012 (18 hubs)
Grocery/Food Stores	27.64%	43.25%
Restaurants and Caterers	14.88%	21.52%
Other Distributors	13.59%	18.81%
Direct Retail	39.17%	6.13%
Institutions (school, hospital, government)	2.80%	4.51%
Processors/Other	1.91%	5.78%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

Concentration - Customers

	2013 (48 hubs)	2012 (18 hubs)
Average Number of Customers	408	326
Product Sales to Largest Customer	13%	19%
Product Sales to Largest 10		1
Customers	35%	64%

Concentration - Vendors

	2013 (48 hubs)	2012 (18 hubs)
Average Number of Vendors	55	79
Farmer Vendors	40%	57%
	and the second	
Food Safety Certification Required	31%	33%
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Purchases from Largest Vendor	9% of sales	16% of sales
Purchases from Largest 10 Vendors	29% of sales	50% of sales

Labor

	2013 (48 hubs)	2012 (18 hubs)
Labor as a % of Revenue	18.27%	17.4%
Labor as a % of Sales	16.38%	
Revenue per Worker Equivalent	\$431,872	\$286,788
Product Sales per Worker Equivalent	\$387,204	

Typical Income Statement

Sales
- Expenses
Profit

Sales
Cost of Goods Sold Gross Margin
Overhead Expenses Profit

Typical Income Statement

Sales
- Expenses
Profit

Sales
Cost of Goods Sold
Cost of Sales
Gross Margin
Overhead Expenses Profit

- Income Taxes
- + Grants/Contributions Business Excess/Deficit

Five-Line Income Statement

	Benchmark	Top 25%
Sales	100%	100%
- Cost of Goods Sold	71.95%	69.41%
- Cost of Sales	13.56%	14.51%
= Gross Margin	14.49%	16.09%
- Overhead Costs	16.28%	12.32%
= Net Operating Margin aka <i>Profit</i>	(1.79%)	3.76%

Reference: <u>http://foodshedguide.org/planning/</u> One Page Business Plan and One Page Financial Plan

Where Your Sales Dollar Goes



Five-Line Income Statement

	Benchmark	Top 25%
Sales	100%	100%
- Cost of Goods Sold	71.95%	69.41%
- Cost of Sales	13.56%	14.51%
= Gross Margin	14.49%	16.09%
- Overhead Costs	16.28%	12.32%
= Net Operating Margin aka <i>Profit</i>	(1.79%)	3.76%
- Income Taxes	0.52%	0.66%
+ Grants/Contributions	6.45%	.07% (\$4,896)
Overall Excess:	4.13%	3.18%

Why are Profits Important?

- Pizza and beer
- Building and equipment updates
- Rainy days and Mondays
- Growth and expansion
- Generational transfers
- Savings and retirement accounts
- Who calls the shots?
- Makes loan officers happy
- American pride and a winning team
- So you'll want in!

By Location



Size Matters



By Age of the Hub



By Seasonality



\$- \$0.20 \$0.40 \$0.60 \$0.80 \$1.00 \$1.20 \$1.40 \$1.60

Goals Matter!



EXAMPLE: Using the Benchmark as a Tool

My Hub Labor Costs

TOTAL	\$273,614
Benefits (health insurance or stipend, medical reimbursements, housing, life insurance, food, etc.)	\$20,000
Workman's Compensation Insurance	\$8,734
Unemployment (Federal and State)	\$9,826
Payroll Taxes (FICA/Medicare)	\$16,704
Production/GrowingSalesDelivery/DistributionManagementOffice/ITMarketing	
Wages	\$218,350

EXAMPLE:

Step 1: Analysis

My Hub	
Total Labor Costs	\$273,614
Sales	\$1,318,974
Labor as a Percent of Sales	20.74%
Labor as a Percent of Revenue	20.59%

EXAMPLE: Step 2: Comparison

	My Hub	2013 Benchmark (48 hubs)	Sales \$750,000 - \$1.5 million	Top 25%
Labor as a % of Sales	20.74%	18.27%	17.58%	13.90%
Labor as a % of Revenue	20.59%	16.38%	16.71%	15.16%

Our labor costs exceed the benchmark by almost 2.5% of sales. That's \$32,579!

Where is my opportunity: on the *cost* side? on the *sales* side? on the *efficiency* side?

EXAMPLE: Step 2: Comparison

	My Hub	2013 Benchmark (48 hubs)	
Labor as a % of Revenue	20.74%	18.27%	
Labor as a % of Sales	20.59%	16.38%	

Cost Considerations:

Labor <u>cost</u> per worker equivalent:

\$273,614/5.96 = \$45,908 (wages are 80%, or \$36,726)

EXAMPLE: Step 2: Comparison

	My Hub	2013 Benchmark (48 hubs)	
Labor as a % of Revenue	20.74%	18.27%	
Labor as a % of Sales	20.59%	16.38%	

What about Sales considerations?Revenue per Worker Equivalent\$222,982\$431,872Product Sales per Worker Equivalent\$221,304\$387,204

EXAMPLE Step 3: Improvement

Things to consider:

- Should we be doing more/different marketing?
- Do we have the right people doing the right jobs?
- Can we give our staff sales training?
- Where can we improve sales efficiencies or remove bottlenecks?
- Is our pricing appropriate?
- Have we built a marketing plan with a sales GOAL?
- Does our entire team know the plan?

More Power in Management Records

Freight in vs. delivery/distribution costs

Freight in = Cost of Goods Sold
Delivery/Distribution = Cost of Sales

If you remember only a few things...

- Food hubs are low-margin businesses.
 - typical with perishable/commodity products
- Efficiencies are key to being profitable
 Trucking, Labor, Shrink, Markdowns
- Watch your markup!
- Grow smarter: markup before volume
 Profitability is key to achieving your mission

See You Soon? Records Best Practices

- Use the capacity of your system.
- Reconcile your checkbook regularly!
- Record items for what they are (and label as such!)
- Avoid the 'supplies' catch-all
- Concentrate on what you're selling (and its markup), not how or where you're selling it.
- Sales departments match COGS departments
- Monthly cash flow forecasting

Questions?

Thank you again to all of our participating hubs!

Questions and Answers



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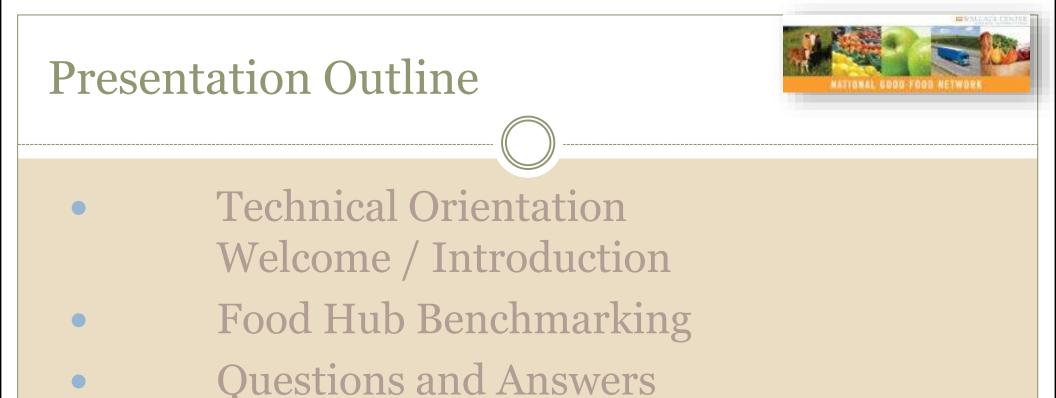
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INROCK



Upcoming Opportunities, etc.

















NGFN Webinars

3rd Thursday of each month 3:30p EST (12:30p PST)

http://ngfn.org/webinars







USDA Local Food Directories

- Was
 - Farmers Markets
- Now adds:
 - o CSAs
 - On-Farm Markets
 - Food Hubs

Add or Update a Listing For managers and owners

- http://www.usdalocalfooddirectories.com/
- Direct link to register:
 http://bit.ly/regmyhub



