



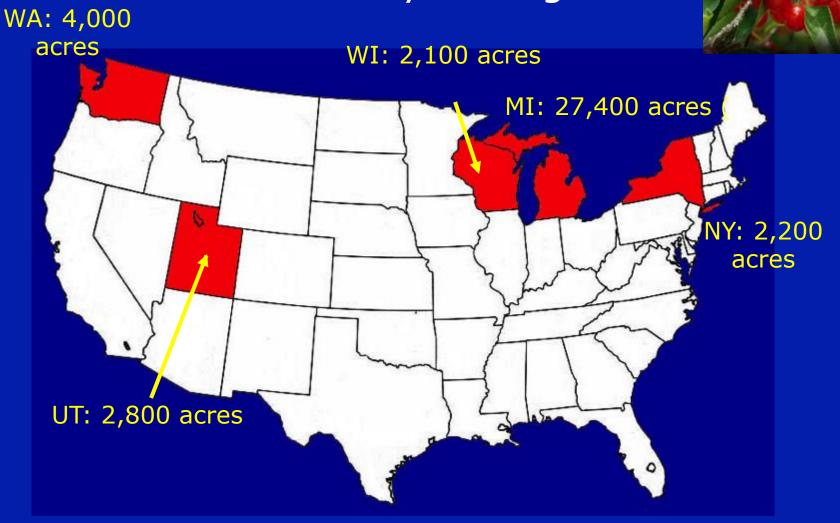
Production by the world's top five sour cherry-producing countries, average 1997 to 2006

Rank	Country	production (mt)	/ % world	production
	World			
1	Russia	177,600	16	
2	Poland	165,691	15	
3	Ukraine	139,860	13	
4	Turkey	121,050	11	
5	USA	114 599	10	

Source: United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization, FAOStat, 2006.

U.S. Cherry Production

Tart Cherry Acreage¹



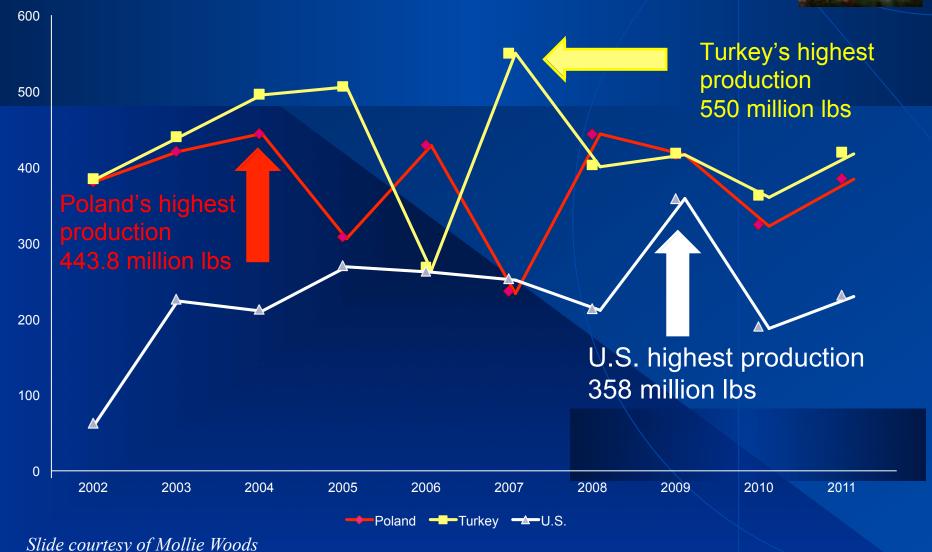
Mean U.S. Tart Cherry Production 2008-2011

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1. Michigan	194.0	75.3 %
2. Utah	28.5	11.1 %
3. Washington	14.2	5.5 %
4. New York	8.8	3.4 %
5. Wisconsin	6.5	2.5 %
6. Pennsylvania	3.3	1.3 %
7. Oregon	2.2	0.9 %

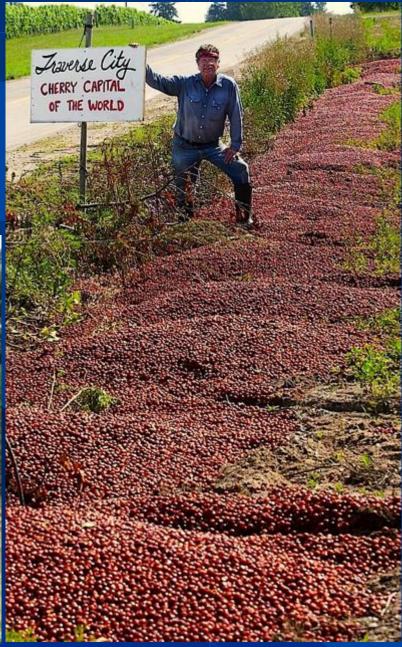
U.S., Polish and Turkish production of tart cherries, 2002-2011





Tart Cherries in Michigan





Grower Price vs. Total* Supply 1997 - 2011

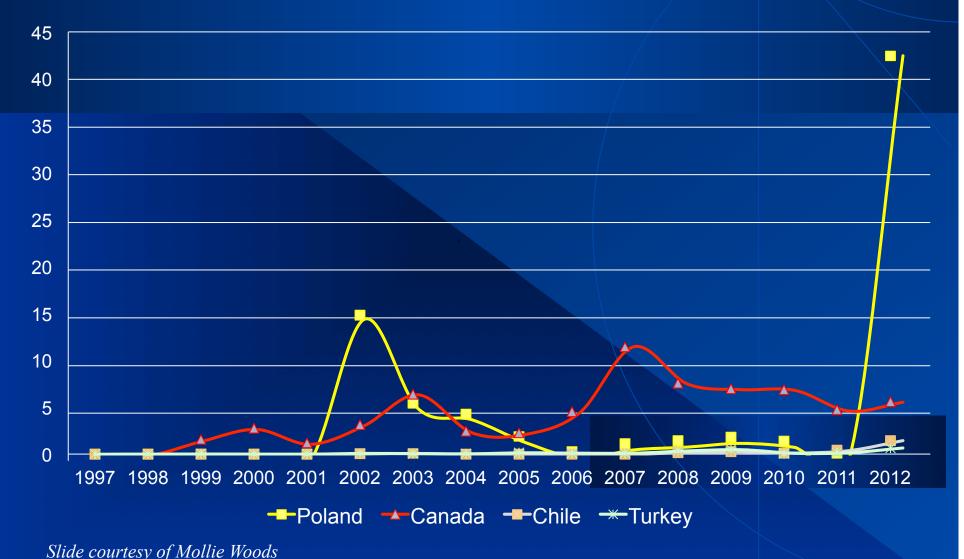


Slide courtesy of Mollie Woods

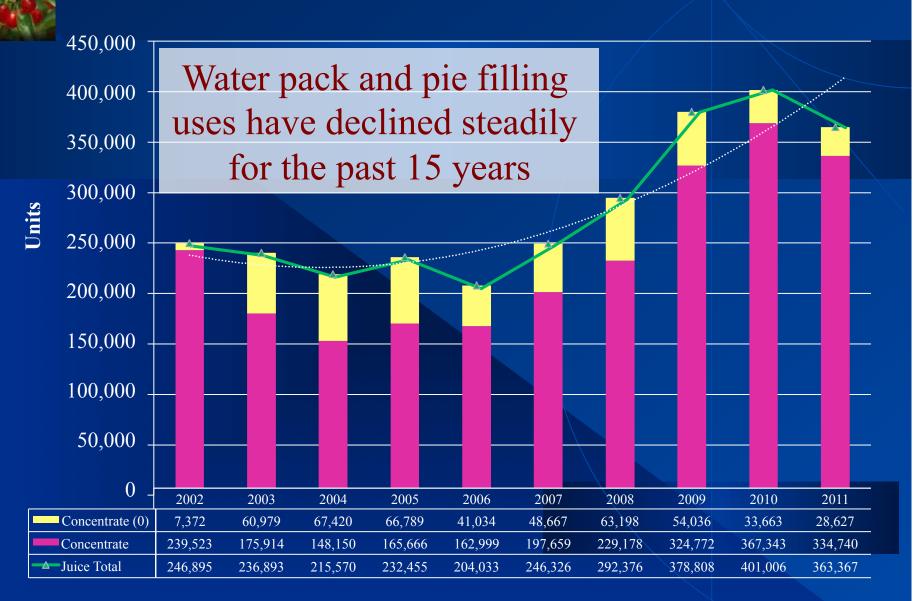
*Total Supply = new crop + carryover + imports



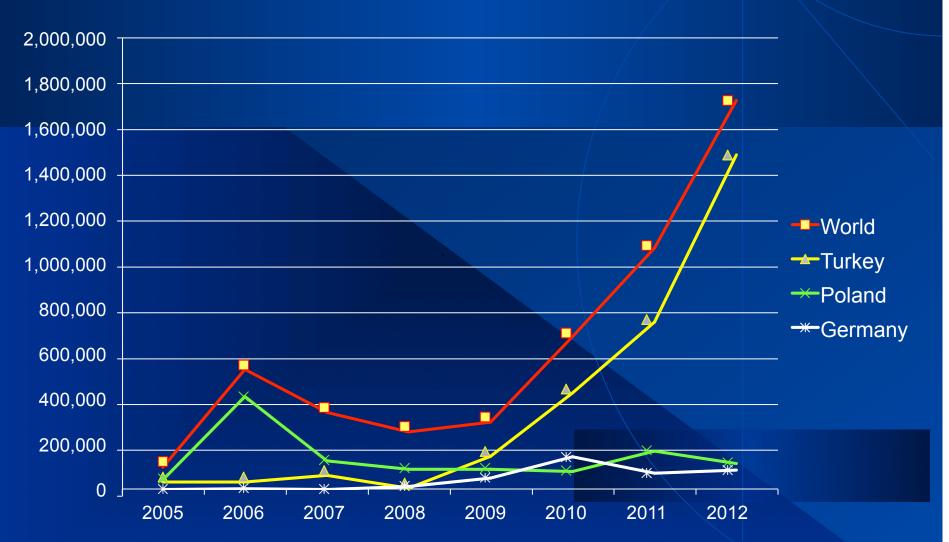
U.S. Imports of Frozen Tart Cherries, 1997 to November 2012 (million lbs)





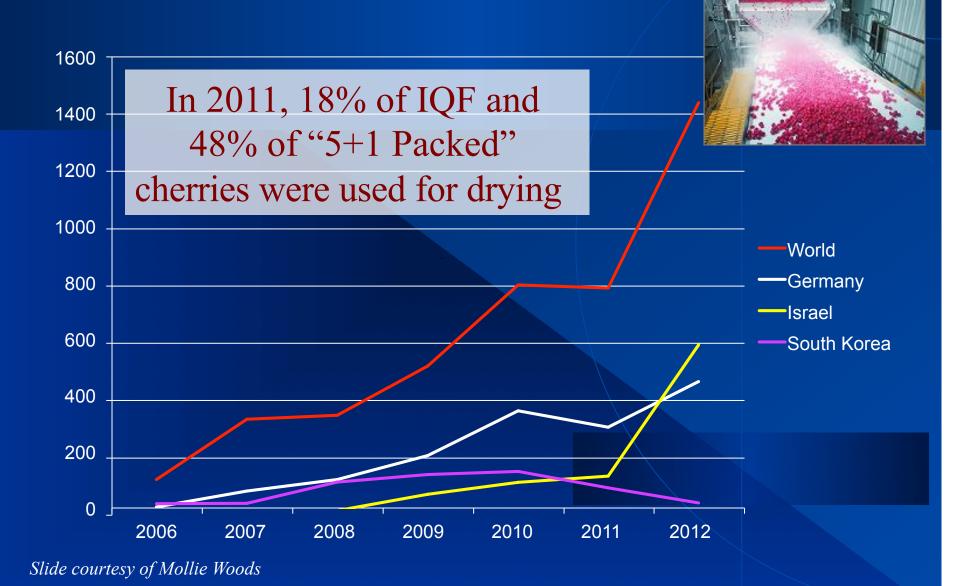


U.S. Imports of Tart Cherry Juice Concentrate, 2005-November 2012 (gallons)



Slide courtesy of Mollie Woods

U.S. Exports of Dried Tart Cherries, 2006 to November 2012





Montmorency

A 400+ year old variety, the U.S. industry standard. A multi-purpose tart cherry for processing (canning, freezing, making pies).

The fruit is bright red, medium in size, with a clear, juicy, soft flesh. The trees are self-fruitful, winter hardy, precocious, very productive (fruit on 1-year-old shoots), somewhat resistant to European brown rot, but very susceptible to leaf spot.

Machine harvested into water-filled tanks.

Other Cultivars



English Morello / Schattenmorelle-hardy, productive (fruit on 1-year-old shoots), dark red-juiced, a week later than Montmorency, somewhat resistant to European brown rot

Surefire – from Cornell (1999), larger than Mont, not as productive but crops regularly (more spur habit), red flesh, late bloom, ripens 2 weeks after Mont, chemical-sensitive in early MI tests



Other Cultivars (very hardy)

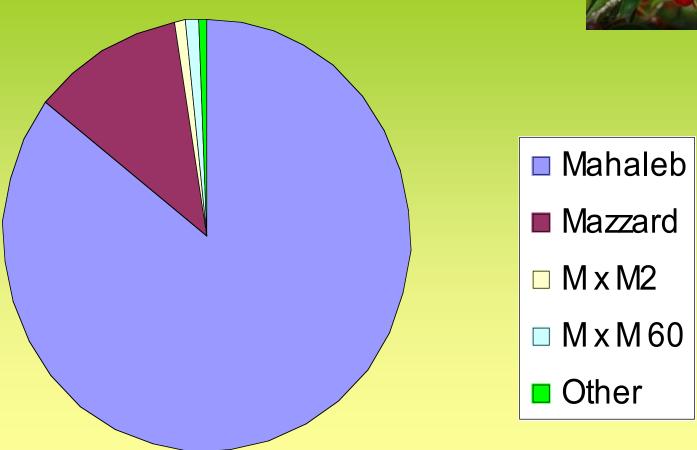
Meteor – from Minnesota, Mont-type (redyellow) fruit is larger and ripens 5 days later than Mont, compact tree, spur habit, leaf spot resistant, susceptible to brown rot, good for juice and wine, oblong pit

Northstar – from Minnesota, very hardy, very productive, red to dark red, similar in fruit size to Mont, ripens up to 2 weeks later, very compact tree, leaf spot resistant

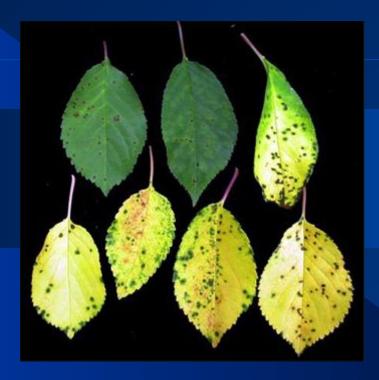
Mesabi – from Minnesota, similar to Meteor (compact tree) but higher sugar

Rootstock Use in Michigan Tart Cherry Production (2003)





Vigorous rootstocks suitable for trunk-shaking



Fungicides must be applied from budbreak through the end of summer. Premature defoliation can reduce cold hardiness.

Cherry Leaf Spot (Blumeriella jaapi)



Key insects: Plum curculio, cherry fruit fly, spotted wing drosophila





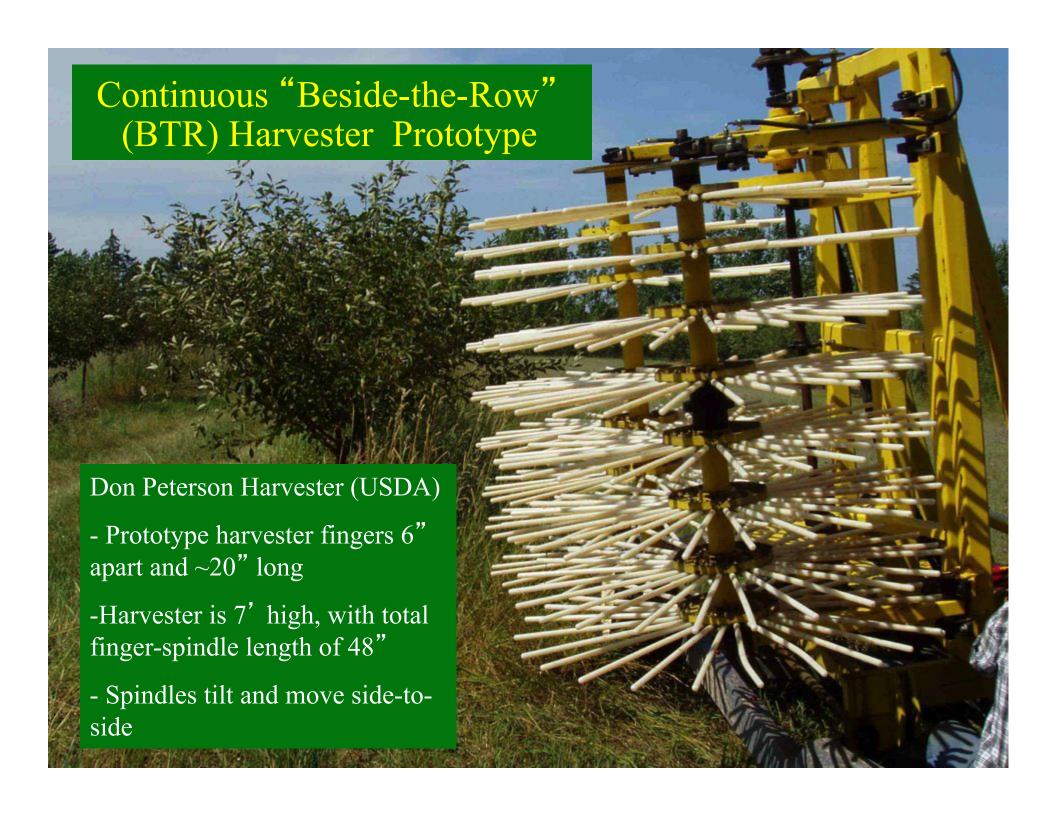
















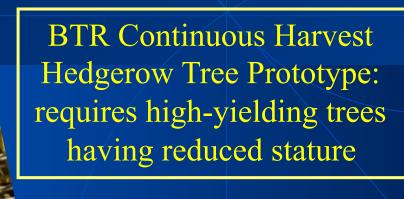


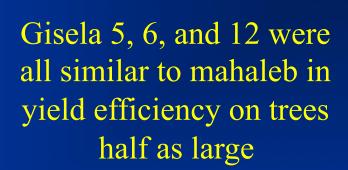
Berry Harvesters best on non-spur willowy fruiting shoots



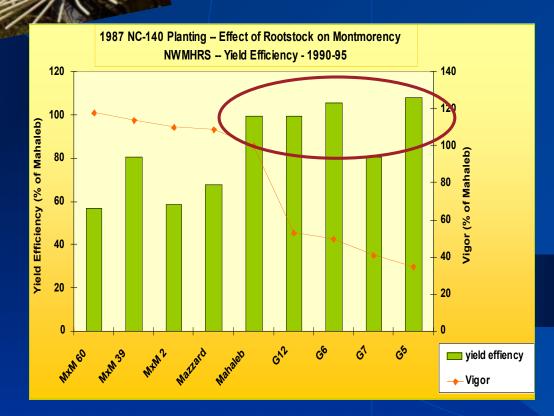


Grant's
BTR
Prototype





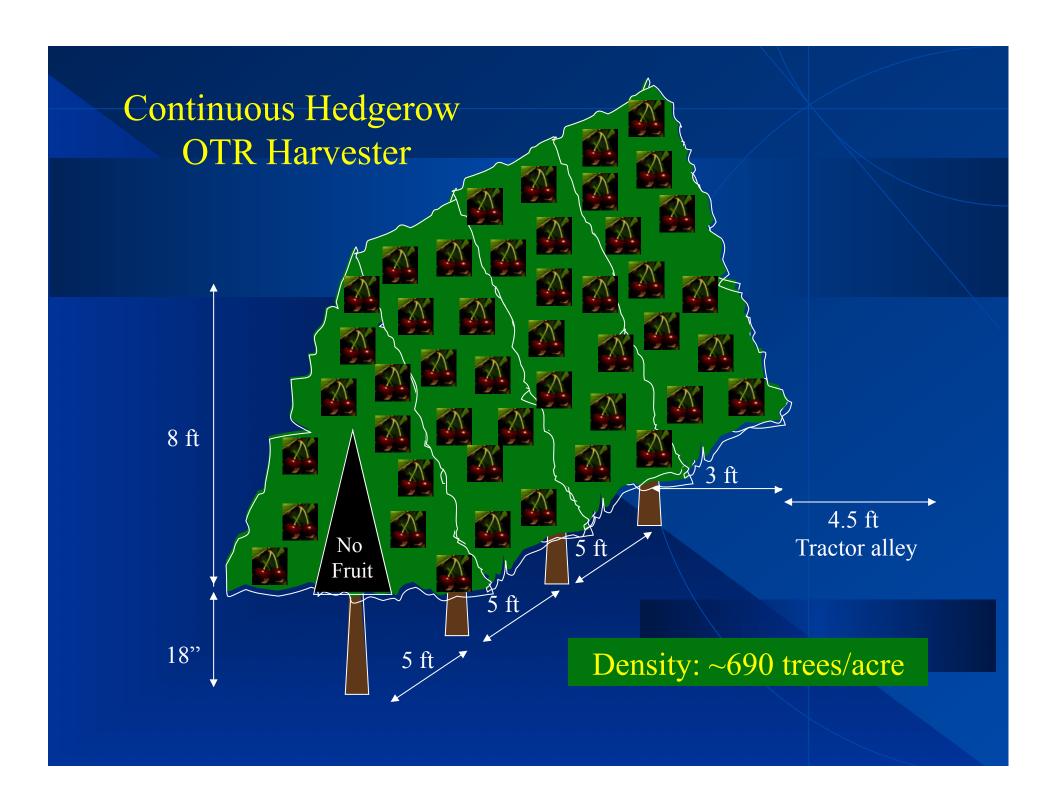
3 ft



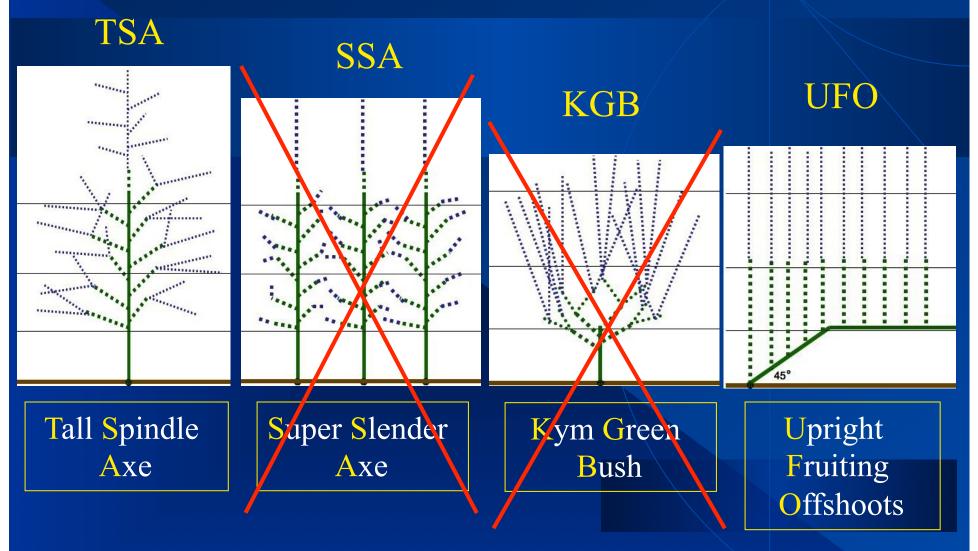








New System Template: Sweet Cherry Training

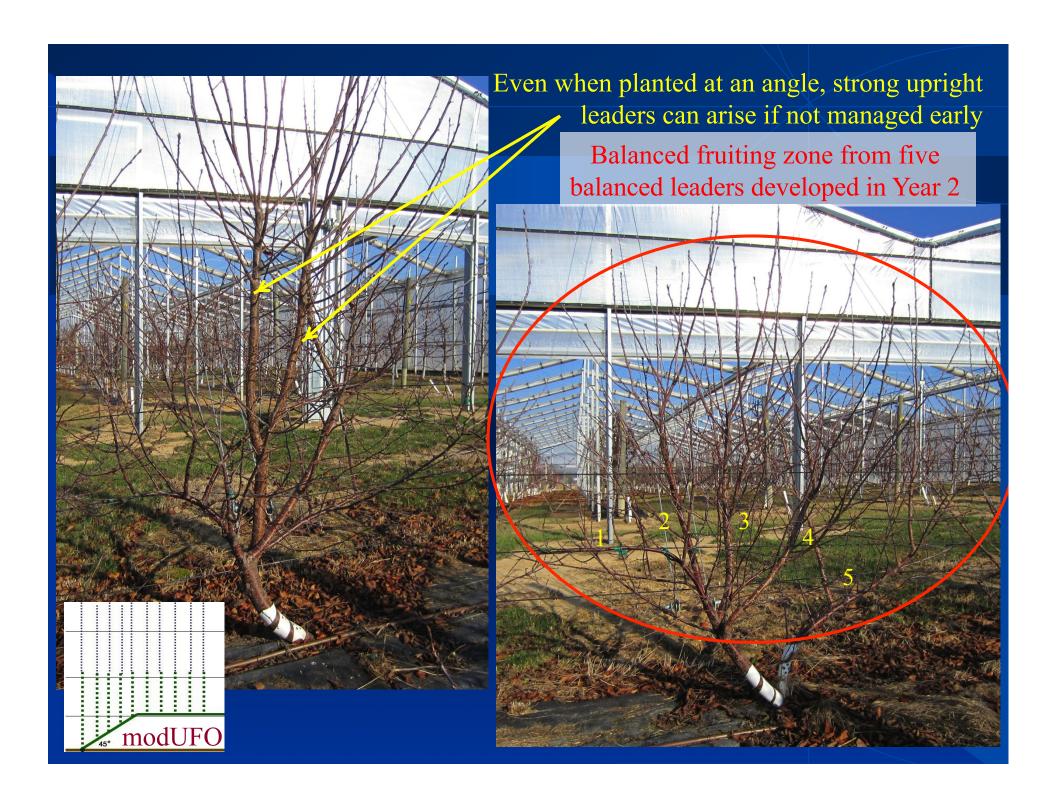


Testing dwarfing rootstocks, own-roots, system effects











Balaton (Ufjihertos fuertos)

Late maturing, ripening 7-10 days after Montmorency. The fruit is dark red, large and very firm with a red juicy, sweet-tart flesh.

Recommended for fresh markets and processing.

Blooms later than Mont, seems to need cross-pollination (tart or sweet), as productivity can be a problem.



Danube (Erdi Botermo)

Dark red, medium to large, sweeter than Montmorency (good fresh), can be picked with a dry stem scar.

Ripens about a week before Montmorency.

The trees are very productive, however, are more susceptible to winter injury than Montmorency. Planted widely in Europe.



Jubileum (Erdi Jubileum)

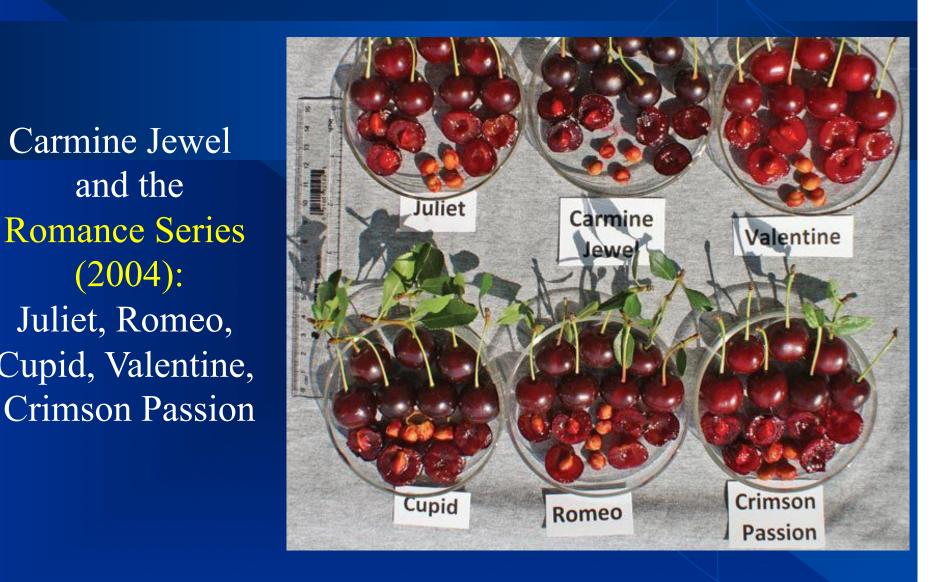
An very early maturing, dark red tart cherry variety for the fresh market.

Ripens five days before Danube and ten days before Montmorency.

Large fruit with good keeping qualities, hangs well on tree.

Univ. of Saskatchewan Compact Series – Bob Bors

Carmine Jewel and the Romance Series (2004): Juliet, Romeo, Cupid, Valentine,



Carmine Jewel (1999)

Dark red,
Good flavor,
Very productive,
Small fruit (3.5 g),
Early ripening



Crimson Passion

Dark red,
High sugar and
excellent flavor,
Very firm,
Low productivity,
Low vigor,
Fruit size (6.0 g)



Romeo

Dark red,
Similar to Carmine
Jewel but much later,
Good sugar & juice,
Very productive,
Small fruit (4.0 g)





Juliet

Dark red,
High sugar and excellent
flavor while still tart enough
for pies,
Very productive,
Fruit size (5.0 g),
Earlier bloom

Valentine

Medium red (Mont type but light red flesh),
Fruit size (4.5 g),
Average bloom time



Cupid

Very dark purple red,
Good flavor,
Late bloom,
Good productivity,
Large fruit (6.5 g)

MSU Tree Fruit Research





Questions?

For additional information, check out:

Greg Lang's MSU Website: www.hrt.msu.edu/greg-lang

The MSU Cherry Website: www.cherries.msu.edu



